Package 'beadarraySNP'

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|---|
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| alter | ^CN alterCN | |
| | | |

Description

Changes one of the levels of a cn.sum data structure

Usage

```
alterCN(cn.sum, opa, value, updown)
```

Arguments

| cn.sum | cn.sum structure to change |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| opa | opa panel within the structure |
| value | the predicted value to change |

updown the value has a higher (TRUE) or lower (FALSE) on value

Details

The state in the cn.sum structure that has a predicted value of value will have it's associated associated inferred copy number increased (updown is TRUE) or decreased (updown is FALSE). The function makes sure that the copynumber values within a OPA panel have the same order as the predicted values.

Value

a new cn.sum data structure

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

interactiveCNselect, createCNSummary, setRealCN

```
{\tt backgroundCorrect.SNP} \ \ \textit{Background correction}
```

Description

Perform background correction on Illumina Golden Gate bead arrays

Usage

Arguments

object SnpSetIllumina object

method character, method of correction

offset numeric, constant to add after correction

Details

Code has been ported from the limma package. The matrices Gb and Rb should be available in the arrayData slot of the object.

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Value

This function returns an SnpSetIllumina object with background corrected values in the G and R.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting, based on limma package by G. Smyth

See Also

```
SnpSetIllumina-class, backgroundCorrect,
backgroundEstimate, normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP, normalizeWithinArrays.SNP
```

Examples

```
## Not run: data.bg<-backgroundCorrect.SNP(data.raw, "subtract")</pre>
```

background Estimate

Estimate background intensities from foreground intensity

Description

Background intensity from Illumina Golden Gate bead arrays are estimated based on several data models

Usage

```
backgroundEstimate(object,method=c("minimum", "mode","intmin",
   "anglemode"), maxmode=3000, bincount=40, maxangle=0.3, subsample="OPA")
```

Arguments

| object | SnpSetIllumina object |
|-----------|---|
| method | chracter, data model to use |
| maxmode | numeric, maximum intensity for mode for method="mode" |
| bincount | numeric, for method="intmin", see details |
| maxangle | numeric in radians, maximum theta for mode for $method="anglemode"$ |
| subsample | factor or column name in featureData slot |

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Details

The Illumina software does not provide background values in the output. Some models can be used to estimate background from the raw data intensities.

minimum: The allele specific minimum intensity is used.

mode: This model assumes that the first mode of the density of the intensities is determined by the zero-allele in the data, see ref. The signal intensity of the zero-allele should be zero, therefore this is considered the background value.

intmin: This model assumes there is crosstalk between the alleles, and background increases with the intensity of the other allele. The range between 0 and the maximum of the other allele is divided in bincount bins, and the minimum for this allele is determined for probes where the other allele falls in a bin. A linear fit is determined though the minimum values to obtain a gradually increasing value.

anglemode: This model finds the density modes closest to 0 and $\frac{\pi}{2}$ for polar transformed intensities, and uses this to determine background.

Value

This function returns an SnpSetIllumina object. The Rb and Gb matrices in the assayData slot contain estimated background values.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

SnpSetIllumina-class, backgroundCorrect.SNP

BeadstudioQC

Quality control of Beadstudio report files

Description

When data has been imported using a Beadstudio samplesheet and reportfile, these functions can be used to generate quality measures

Usage

```
BeadstudioQC(object, QClist = list(), arrayType = "Sentrix96")
pdfBeadstudioQC(QClist, basename = "beadstudio", by = 10)
```

Arguments

object SnpSetIllumina object.

QClist list, result of previous call to BeadstudioQC

arrayType character, type of array

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basename character, prefix for PDF files. This name will be added before the Barcode of

the chip

by integer, number of samples in barplot, see reportSamplePanelQC

Value

The BeadstudioQC function generates a list of QCIIlumina objects The pdfBeadstudioQC function generates a pdf-file for each QCIIlumina object in the list

Author(s)

J. Oosting

See Also

```
pdfQC,calculateQCarray
```

calculateLOH

Determine LOH in experiment

Description

Using pairings of normal and tumor samples the LOH pattern is determined

Usage

```
calculateLOH(object, grouping, NorTum = "NorTum", ...)
calculateLair(object, grouping = NULL, NorTum = "NorTum", min.intensity = NULL,
    use.homozygous.avg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

object SnpSetIllumina object

grouping Factor to show which samples belong together (are of the same individual)

NorTum character vector or factor. Elements containing "N" are considered to be the

normal sample

min.intensity numeric use.homozygous.avg

extra arguments for link{heterozygousSNPs}

Details

The heterozygous SNPs of the normal sample are inspected for changes. SNPs where the genotype of the test sample are homozygous are set to TRUE

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Value

For calculateLOH a SnpSetIllumina object with 1oh and nor.gt matrices in assayData. 1oh is a logical matrix, and nor.gt is a character matrix containing the genotypes of the corresponding normal sample For calculateLair a SnpSetIllumina object with lair matrix in assayData. lair is the lesser allele intensity ratio. If a corresponding normal sample is found, it is taken as reference. Else the genotypes of normal samples are taken as a reference

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

SnpSetIllumina-class

calculateQCarray

Retrieve QC information from a SnpSetIllumina object

Description

Retrieves QC and identifying information of Illumina Sentrix arrays.

Usage

```
calculateQCarray(object, QCobject = NULL, arrayType="Sentrix96")
```

Arguments

object SnpSetIllumina object. Should contain information of a single Sentrix array

and a single type of OPA panel

QCobject QCIllumina-class object: If set the information in the object is amended with

data from the SnpSetIllumina object

arrayType character, see arrayType

Details

Sample summary values are mapped to the physical layout of the Sentrix array using the Row and Col columns of the phenoData slot. These will be available when read. SnpSetIllumina is used to create SnpSetIllumina objects.

Use successive calls to calculateQCarray to process Sentrix arrays with multiple probe panels.

If data is read using a samplesheet that defines manifest files it is possible to handle data with multiple manifests and/or multiple Sentrix arrays

Value

A QCIllumina object, when multiple arrays were combined a list of QCIllumina objects

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Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

```
link{QCIllumina-class}, link{reportSamplePanelQC}, link{plotQC}
```

Examples

```
## Not run: QC<-calculateQCarray(data.raw1)
## Not run: QC<-calculateQCarray(data.raw2,QC)</pre>
```

compareGenotypes

Compare genotypes

Description

Pairwise comparison of genotypes between unaffected and affected tissue from the same subject

Usage

```
compareGenotypes(genotypeT, genotypeN)
```

Arguments

genotypeT character or logical vector, genotypes of affected tissue

genotypeN character or logical vector with same length as genotypeT, genotypes of unaf-

fected, normal tissue

Details

Heterozygous probes have one the following values. TRUE, 'H' or 'AB'. All other values are considered homozygous. The primary purpose of the method is to find probes with loss of heterozygosity (LOH), where the unaffected probe is heterozygous and the affected is called homozygous.

Value

A vector with the same length as the arguments where each element can have one of four values

| 'u' | Uninformative: both affected and normal are homozygous |
|-----|--|
| 'i' | Informative: both affected and unaffected heterozygous |
| '1' | Loss: unaffected heterozygous, affected homozygous |
| 'a' | Artefact: unaffected homozygous, affected heterozygous |

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

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See Also

heterozygousSNPs

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
compareGenotypes(exprs(chr17.260)[,"514TV"],exprs(chr17.260)[,"514NP"])
```

copynumberConversion

Conversion to Copynumber analysis objects

Description

SnpSetIllumina objects are converted to other objects for numerical analysis

Usage

```
convert2aCGH(object,normalizedTo=2,doLog=TRUE,organism="hsa")
convert2SegList(object,normalizedTo=2,doLog=TRUE,organism="hsa")
```

Arguments

object SnpSetIllumina object

normalizedTo numeric, 'normal' copynumber datavalue for object doLog logical, perform logarithmic transformation (log2)

organism character, organism used in object. Currently 'hsa' and 'mmu' are recognized.

Used to convert sex chromosomes to their proper numerical representation

Details

These functions produce objects that can be used by the analysis functions in the aCGH or snapCGH packages. The SnpSetIllumina intensity values are stored in a linear scale. Both types of objects assume a logarithmic scale, so by default the values are transformed to a log2 scale centered around 0.

Value

convert2aCGH returns a aCGH object as used in the aCGH package. convert2SegList returns a SegList object as used in the snapCGH package.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

SnpSetIllumina-class, aCGH-class, SegList-class

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|--|

Description

Create a summary object of the genomic copy number states in a sample of segmented data

Usage

```
createCNSummary(object, sample, dnaIndex=1, subsample = "OPA")
```

Arguments

object SNPSetIllumina object after segmentation segmentate

sample SampleName or index of the sample for which to create the summary

dnaIndex Measured DNA index of the sample

subsample factor or column name in featureData slot

Details

The segments within a sample are assigned a copy number value. When the inferred slot in assayData is empty, all segments will be set to 2. Otherwise the values are recovered from the inferred slot. Gender is taken into account for the sex chromosomes.

Value

list with the following elements

dnaIndex same as parameter dnaIndex

 ${\tt CN.total.nrm} \qquad {\tt Total\ expected\ copynumber\ for\ a\ 'normal'\ specimen\ {\tt \sim 2*feature count}}$

states data.frame with columns opa, count, intensity, copynumber

This list can be used as the cn.sum argument for plotGoldenGate40PA, alterCN, getDNAindex and setRealCN

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

```
segmentate, alterCN, plotGoldenGate40PA
```

dist.GT

dist.GT

dist.GT

Description

Calculate distance matrix based of differences in genotype calls

Usage

```
dist.GT(object)
```

Arguments

object

SnpSetIllumina object

Details

Calculates distances between samples as percentage of differences in genotype

Value

'dist.GT' returns an object of class 'dist'

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

```
dist, hclust
```

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
plot(hclust(dist.GT(chr17.260)))
```

12 GenomicReports

| Genomic reports |
|-----------------|
| • |

Description

Create reports for all samples in a dataset.

Usage

```
reportChromosomesSmoothCopyNumber(snpdata, grouping, normalizedTo=2,
    smooth.lambda=2, ridge.kappa=0, plotLOH=c("none", "marker", "line", "NorTum"),
    sample.colors = NULL, ideo.bleach=0.25, ...)
reportSamplesSmoothCopyNumber(snpdata, grouping, normalizedTo=2,
    smooth.lambda=2, ridge.kappa=0, plotLOH=c("none", "marker", "line", "NorTum"),
    sample.colors=NULL, ...)
reportGenomeGainLossLOH(snpdata, grouping, plotSampleNames=FALSE, sizeSampleNames=4,
    distance.min, upcolor="red", downcolor="blue", lohcolor="grey", hetcolor="lightgrey",
    lohwidth=1, segment=101, orientation=c("V","H"), ...)
reportChromosomeGainLossLOH(snpdata, grouping, plotSampleNames=FALSE, distance.min,
    upcolor="red", downcolor="blue", lohcolor="grey", hetcolor="lightgrey", proportion=0.2,
    plotLOH=TRUE, segment=101, ...)
reportGenomeIntensityPlot(snpdata, normalizedTo=NULL, subsample=NULL, smoothing=c("mean", "quant"),
    dot.col="black", smooth.col="red", ...)
```

Arguments

| snpdata | SnpSetIllumina object. |
|--|---|
| grouping | factor, elements with same value are plotted together. Defaults to groups of 4 in order of the samples in the object. |
| normalizedTo | numeric, a horizontal line is drawn at this position. |
| smooth.lambda | smoothing parameter for quantsmooth. |
| ridge.kappa | smoothing parameter for quantsmooth. |
| plotLOH | indicate regions or probes with LOH, see details. |
| <pre>sample.colors plotSampleNames</pre> | vector of color. |
| | logical. |
| sizeSampleNames | |
| | numeric, margin size for sample names. |
| distance.min | numerical. |
| upcolor | color. |
| downcolor | color. |
| lohcolor | color. |
| hetcolor | color. |

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lohwidth numerical, relative width of the LOH part of the sample segment integer. ["V","H"], vertical or horizontal orientation of plot. orientation proportion numerical, proportion of the plot to use for idiogram annotation subsample character, or factor of length of features smoothing Type of smoothing per chromosome. dot.col color. smooth.col color. ideo.bleach numeric [0,1]

Details

. . .

The first function creates plots for each group and each chromosome in the dataset. The second function creates full genome plot for each group in the dataset. Beware that a lot of plots can be created, and usually you should prepare for that, by redirecting the plots to pdf or functions that create picture files like jpg, png, bmp.

arguments are forwarded to plot or getChangedRegions.

Value

These functions are executed for their side effects

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

quantsmooth,prepareGenomePlot,pdfChromosomesSmoothCopyNumber,pdfSamplesSmoothCopyNumber

Examples

```
\label{eq:data} $\operatorname{data}(\operatorname{chr}17.260)$$ chr17nrm <- standardNormalization(chr17.260)$$ par(mfrow = c(4,2), mar = c(2,4,2,1))$$ reportChromosomesSmoothCopyNumber(chr17nrm, grouping=pData(chr17.260)$$Group,smooth.lambda = 4)$$
```

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 ${\tt GetBeadStudioSampleNames}$

Extract samplenames from a report file

Description

Extract the samplenames from a report file that was created as a final report from Illumina Beadstudio

Usage

```
GetBeadStudioSampleNames(reportfile)
```

Arguments

reportfile char

character, name of report file

Details

This function will read the report file, and extract the sample names from the Sample ID column

Value

character vector

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

read.SnpSetIllumina

getDNAindex

Calculate the DNA index based on assigned copy number values to probes

Description

Calculate the DNA index based on assigned copy number values to probes

Usage

```
getDNAindex(cn.sum)
```

heterozygosity 15

Arguments

cn.sum list with elements dnaIndex, CN.total.nrm, states, see createCNSummary

Value

scalar. DNA index of an unaffected sample is 1

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

createCNSummary, plotGoldenGate40PA

heterozygosity

Find regions of homozygous SNPs

Description

Analyze affected material without corresponding unaffected material in order to find regions that contain stretches of homozygous SNPs as an indication of loss of heterozygosity (LOH)

Usage

```
heterozygosity(genotype, decay = 0.8, threshold = 0.1)
```

Arguments

genotype character or logical vector, genotypes of affected tissue

decay numeric in range (0,1)threshold numeric in range (0,1)

Details

The method calculates how long the stretch of homozygous SNPs is for each element delay and threshold can be set to skip individual heterozygous probes in a longer stretch of homozygous probes. The default setting tolerate 1 erroneous heterozygous SNP every 10 homozygous SNPs. Set threshold at 1 to stop discarding hetrozygous SNPs

Value

A numeric vector with the same length as genotype is returned. Higher values, of 15 and higher, indicate regions of LOH

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

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See Also

compareGenotypes, heterozygousSNPs

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
plot(heterozygosity(exprs(chr17.260)[,"514TV"]))
```

heterozygousSNPs

Retrieve heterozygous SNPs

Description

Heterozygous SNPs are determined based on quality score criteria

Usage

```
heterozygousSNPs(object, threshold=0.9, useQuality=TRUE, relative=TRUE, percentile=FALSE)
```

Arguments

object class SnpSetIllumina

threshold numeric (0:1) minimum quality score to be called heterozygous

useQuality logical, use quality score

relative logical, use quality score relative to GTS, see details percentile logical, use percentage of probes above threshold

Details

This function presumes that the specificity for determining heterozygity is more important than the sensitivity, and will therefore only call probes heterozygous if that can be done with high certainty. The Illumina genotyping software calculates two quality measures: gen train score (GTS) and gen call score (GCS). The GTS is a measure for how well clusters can be recognized in a training set. This value is probe specific, and the same for all samples in an experiment. The GCS is a probe-specific, sample specific value that measures how close a probe in a sample is to the clusters determined in the training step. This value is always lower than the GTS for a probe.

read.SnpSetIllumina will put GCS into the callProbability element of the assaydata slot and the GTS into the featureData slot. The function uses these locations to retrieve the necessary information.

If relative is FALSE then the raw GCS values are compared to the threshold. In this case a threshold of around 0.5 should be used. If relative is TRUE then GCS/GTS is compared to the threshold and threshold should be around 0.9.

With percentile=TRUE the threshold quantile is calculated for each sample, and only probes with higher scores can be called heterozygous. A threshold of around 0.2 seems to work fine usually.

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Value

This function returns a logical matrix with same dimensions as object.

Note

The purpose of the function is to separate heterozygous probes from non-heterozygous probes. In tumor samples the determination of the genotype can be difficult, because of aneuploidy and the fact that a sample is often a mixture of normal and tumor cells.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

```
SnpSetIllumina-class
```

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
plot(heterozygousSNPs(chr17.260[,"514TV"])),col="red",pch="x")
points(heterozygosity(exprs(chr17.260)[,"514TV"]))
```

Illumina Genomic data *Illumina example data*

Description

These datasets are subsets of an experiment to test the applicability of paraffin embedded material in Illumina SNP arrays

Usage

```
data(chr17.260)
data(QC.260)
```

Format

chr17.260 is a SnpSetIllumina object with data from chromosome 17 of 24 samples. QC.260 is a QCIllumina object with summary data of 96 samples of a single SAM array

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interactiveCNselect

Interactive assignment of copynumbers to genomic segments

Description

This function plots the genomic view of a sample, and allows the assignment of a discrete copy number to each segment

Usage

```
interactiveCNselect(object, sample = 1, dnaIndex)
```

Arguments

object class SnpSetIllumina after segmentation

sample Sample identifier within object

dnaIndex numeric, measured DNA index of the sample (1=normal)

Details

The user can interactively assign discrete, integer copy number values to each segment. This is done by either clicking in the lower part of a panel to decrease the copy number, or in the higher part of a panel to increase the copy number. The order of copy number values is always maintained; a segment with a lower raw value can not get a higher copy number assigned then a segment with a higher raw copy number value.

Value

list, see createCNSummary

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

segmentate, alterCN, plotGoldenGate4OPA createCNSummary

normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP

between Allele normalization

Description

Perform between Allele normalization on Illumina Golden Gate bead arrays

Usage

```
normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP(object,method=c("quantile"),subsample="OPA")
```

Arguments

object class SnpSetIllumina

method char, type of normalization

subsample factor with length number of features in object or char, column name in featureData

slot

Details

This function performs a quantile normalization between the Red and Green channels for each sample. The rationale for this procedure stems from the fact that the allele frequencies within each channel are always very similar, even in the presence of genomic abnormalities.

Value

This function returns an SnpSetIllumina object.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

SnpSetIllumina-class, normalize Within Arrays. SNP, background Correct. SNP, background Correc

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
data.nrm<-normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP(chr17.260)</pre>
```

normalizeBetweenSubsamples.SNP

Normalization between subsamples

Description

Quantile normalization between subsamples within a single SnpSetIllumina object

Usage

```
normalizeBetweenSubsamples.SNP(object, subsample = "OPA")
```

Arguments

object class SnpSetIllumina

subsample factor with length number of features in object or char, column name in featureData

slot

Details

Perform quantile normalization of the red and green channel between subsamples. This can be used in situations where multiple different assays that cover the same genomic regions (or whole genome) have been done on the same biological specimen. This function was introduced for version 5 Golden Gate Linkage analysis that consist of 4 assays of ~ 1500 probes. Where previous versions of this assay each targeted a number of chromosomes, in version 5 each assay covers the whole genome.

Value

This function returns an SnpSetIllumina object.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

SnpSetIllumina-class,normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP, normalizeWithinArrays.SNP,backgroundCorrect.SNP

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
data.nrm<-normalizeBetweenSubsamples.SNP(chr17.260)</pre>
```

normalizeLoci.SNP 21

|--|

Description

Perform locus normalization on Illumina Golden Gate bead arrays

Usage

```
\label{lem:normalizeLoci.SNP} normalizeLoci.SNP (object, method=c("normals", "paired", "alleles"), NorTum="NorTum", Gender="Gender", Subject="Subject", normalizeTo=2, trig=FALSE)
```

Arguments

| object | object class SnpSetIllumina |
|-------------|--|
| method | character. If "normals" then all normal samples in the dataset are used as the invariant set. If "paired" then affected samples are normalized to their paired normal samples. "alleles" fits a linear model between the B-allele ratio and the signal intensity and normalizes for that |
| NorTum | logical or character vector or name of column in pData slot. depicts the normal, unaffected samples in the dataset. In a character vector these should have the value "N" |
| Gender | logical or character vector or name of column in pData slot. depicts the female samples in the dataset and is used to normalize the sex chromosomes. In a character vector these should have value "F" |
| Subject | factor or name of or column in pData slot. This factor is used to pair the samples when method is "paired" |
| normalizeTo | normalizeTo numeric. The average copy number of the sample. |
| trig | Logical, use geometric distance of intensity. Otherwise use addition of intensities |

Details

This function is usually performed in the last step of normalization in order to obtain calculated copy numbers.

Value

This function returns an SnpSetIllumina object.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

 ${\tt SnpSetIllumina, normalizeWithinArrays.SNP, normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP}$

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
data.nrm<-normalizeLoci.SNP(chr17.260)</pre>
```

normalizeWithinArrays.SNP

Within Array normalization

Description

Perform within array normalization on Illumina Golden Gate bead arrays.

Usage

```
normalizeWithinArrays.SNP(object, callscore=0.5, normprob=0.5, quantilepersample=FALSE, relative=FALSE, fixed=FALSE, useAll=FALSE, subsample="OPA", Q.scores="callProbability")
```

Arguments

class SnpSetIllumina. object numeric with range 0:1, threshold for probe inclusion. callscore normprob numeric with range 0:1, target quantile for normalization. The default is to divide the sample intensities by the median of the selected subset. quantilepersample logical. If TRUE then the threshold is determined for each sample, else it is experiment wide. This is only relevant when fixed is FALSE. relative logical. If TRUE then the ratio of GCS and GTS is used, else only the GCS is used as the quality score. fixed logical. If TRUE then callscore is the fixed threshold for the quality score, else the probes above the quantile callscore are used. useAll logical. If TRUE then all probes in the dataset are eligible as the invariant set, else only the heterozygous SNPs. subsample factor or column name in featureData slot, the levels of the factor are treated separately. Q.scores name of assayData() element, or numeric matrix of appropriate size. Quality scores to select high quality SNPs

Details

The function uses high quality heterozygous SNPs as an invariant set with the assumption that these have the highest probability of coming from unaffected regions of the genome. Most of the arguments are used to determine the quality of the call.

Value

This function returns a SnpSetIllumina object.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

 ${\tt SnpSetIllumina, normalizeLoci.SNP, backgroundCorrect.SNP, normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP, and the {\tt SnpSetIllumina, normalizeLoci.SNP, backgroundCorrect.SNP, normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP, and {\tt SnpSetIllumina, normalizeLoci.SNP, backgroundCorrect.SNP, normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP, and {\tt SnpSetIllumina, normalizeLoci.SNP, backgroundCorrect.SNP, normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP, and {\tt SnpSetIllumina, normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP, normalizeBetweenAlles.SNP, normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP, n$

Examples

Description

Functions that help create pdf reports

Usage

```
pdfChromosomesSmoothCopyNumber(object, filename, ...)
pdfSamplesSmoothCopyNumber(object, filename, ...)
pdfChromosomeGainLossLOH(object, filename, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object SnpSetIllumina object
filename filename of output pdf file
... arguments for report functions
```

Details

These functions set up and perfom reporting to pdf files.

Value

This function is used for its side effects

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

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See Also

report Chromosomes Smooth Copy Number, report Samples Smooth Copy Number, report Chromosome Gain Loss LOH and the contract of the contract o

Examples

```
## Not run: data(chr17.260)
## Not run: data.nrm<-standardNormalization(chr17.260)
## Not run: pdfChromosomesSmoothCopyNumber(data.nrm, "Chr17.pdf", grouping=pData(data.nrm)$Group,smooth.lambda</pre>
```

pdfQC

QCreport

Description

Create PDF file with experimental quality control plots

Usage

```
pdfQC(object, filename = "arrayQC.pdf", by = 10)
```

Arguments

object QCIllumina object, or list of QCIllumina objects

filename character, output pdf filename

by number of samples in barplot, see reportSamplePanelQC

Details

This function creates a pdf file with QC information. The first page contains 8 plotQC panels showing the spatial distribution of intensities on a SAM plate. The following page(s) contain the output of reportSamplePanelQC

Value

A PDF file is produced

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

plotQC, reportSamplePanelQC, QCIllumina-class

plotGoldenGate4OPA 25

| plotGoldenGate40PA Plot Golden | n Gate genomic view |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|

Description

Plots a full genome view based on 4 subsamples of Illumina Golden Gate data

Usage

```
plotGoldenGate40PA(object, cn.sum = NULL, sample = 1, plotRaw = FALSE, main = NULL, interact = FALSE, ...
plotGenomePanels(object, cn.sum = NULL, sample = 1, plotRaw = FALSE, main = NULL, interact = FALSE, allta
```

Arguments

| object | class SnpSetIllumina |
|----------|---|
| cn.sum | list containing genomic states, see createCNSummary |
| sample | identifier to select the sample within the object |
| plotRaw | logical, plot raw data points |
| main | character, Title of plot |
| interact | logical, plot should be usable for interactive copy number determination interactiveCNselect |
| allLair | logical, TRUE: plot all LAIR values, FALSE: only plot LAIR values from probes that are heterozygous in the paired normal sample |
| panels | list, vectors of chromosomes for each panel |
| | extra arguments are formwarded to plot |

Details

prepare interactive selection

Value

list, see createCNSummary

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

segmentate, alterCN, interactiveCNselect createCNSummary

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plotQC

Spatial plots of array QC information

Description

Plots array wide summary information using the layout of the physical medium

Usage

```
plotQC(object, type)
```

Arguments

object object that contains QC information. e.g. QCIllumina-class

type character, the type of information to plot, currently the following types are

supported: "intensityMed", "greenMed", "redMed", "validn", "annotation"

and "samples"

Value

The function is used for its side effects

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

```
pdfQC, reportSamplePanelQC
```

Examples

```
data(QC.260)
plotQC(QC.260, "greenMed")
```

PolarTransforms

Polar transformations

Description

Perform polar transforms on Illumina Golden Gate bead arrays

Usage

```
RG2polar(object,trig=FALSE)
polar2RG(object,trig=FALSE)
```

OCaccessors 27

Arguments

object SnpSetIllumina object

trig Logical, use geometric distance intensity. Otherwise use addition of intensities

Details

RG2polar transforms the R and G matrices to theta and intensity matrices. Note that the intensity value is the sum of R and G and not the geometric distance to the origin.

polar 2RG performs the reverse transformation

Value

This function returns an SnpSetIllumina object.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

```
SnpSetIllumina-class
```

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
data.polar<-RG2polar(chr17.260)
plot(assayData(data.polar)$theta,assayData(data.polar)$intensity)</pre>
```

QCaccessors

Accessor methods for QC objects

Description

These generic functions set and retrieve properties of quality control objects like QCIllumina-class

Usage

```
arrayType(object)
arrayType(object)<- value
arrayID(object)
arrayID(object)<- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object Object, possibly derived from class QCIllumina-class.

value character.

28 QCIllumina-class

Details

```
Currently the following types of arrays are supported
```

"Sentrix96": Sentrix array, 12 columns, 8 rows "Sentrix16": Sentrix array, 2 columns, 8 rows

"Slide12": Slide with 12 samples

Value

arrayType and arrayID return a character value

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

QCIllumina-class

Class "QCIllumina"

Description

Container of QC information on arrays that contain multiple samples.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("QCIllumina", arrayType, arrayID,intensityMed, greenMed, redMed, intensityMode, greenMode, redMode, validn, annotation, samples), but are usually created by calculateQCarray.

Slots

arrayType: character, Type of array. See arrayType

arrayID: character, Array ID

intensityMed: numeric matrix, Median of intensity of samples

greenMed: numeric matrix, Median of green values redMed: numeric matrix, Median of red values callrate: numeric matrix, callrate of genotyping

hetPerc: numeric matrix, Percentage of heterozygotes

ptpdiff: numeric matrix, point-to-point difference, local estimate of variability

validn: numeric matrix, Number of valid probe values in samples

annotation: character matrix, Annotation of samples

samples: character matrix, Sample IDs

read.SnpSetIllumina 29

Methods

```
arrayID signature(object = "QCIllumina"): Returns type of array
arrayID<- signature(object = "QCIllumina"): Sets type of array. Currently only "Sentrix"
    is supported
arrayType signature(object = "QCIllumina"): Returns ID of array
arrayType<- signature(object = "QCIllumina"): Sets ID/Barcode of array
initialize signature(.0bject = "QCIllumina")
plotQC signature(object = "QCIllumina") character: plots spatial overview of QC information, type is one of c("intensityMed", "greenMed", "redMed", "validn", "annotation", "samples")</pre>
```

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

calculateQCarray

 ${\it read.} {\it SnpSetIllumina} \quad {\it Read Experimental Data, Feature data and Phenodata into an 'SnpSetIllumina' Object}$

Description

A SnpSetIllumina object is created from the textfiles created by the Illumina GenCall or BeadStudio software.

Usage

```
read.SnpSetIllumina(samplesheet, manifestpath=NULL, reportpath=NULL,
  rawdatapath=NULL, reportfile=NULL, briefOPAinfo=TRUE, readTIF=FALSE,
  nochecks=FALSE, sepreport="\t", essentialOnly=FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

| samplesheet | a data.frame or filename, contains the sample sheet |
|--------------|--|
| manifestpath | a character string for the path containing the manifests / OPA definition files, defaults to path of samplesheet |
| reportpath | a character string for the path containing the report files, defaults to path of samplesheet |
| rawdatapath | a character string for the path containing the intensity data files, defaults to path of samplesheet |
| reportfile | a character string for the name of BeadStudio reportfile |

30 read.SnpSetIllumina

brief0PAinfo logical, if TRUE then only the SNP name, Illumi code, chromosome and basepair

position are put into the featureData slot of the result, else all information

from the OPA file is put into the featureData slot

readTIF logical, uses beadarray package and raw TIF files to read data

nochecks logical, limited validity checks on beadstudio report files. See details

sepreport character, field separator character for beadstudio report files

essentialOnly logical, if TRUE then only the essential columns from a reportfile are included

into the result. See details

... arguments are forwarded to readIllumina and can be used to perform bead-

level normalization

Details

The text files from Illumina software are imported to a SnpSetIllumina object. Both result files from GenCall and BeadStudio can be used. In both cases the sample sheets from the experiments are used to select the proper data from the report or data files. The following columns from the sample sheet file are used for this purpose: 'Sample_Name', 'Sentrix_Position', and 'Pool_ID'. The values in columns 'Sample_Plate', 'Pool_ID', and 'Sentrix_ID' should be the same for all samples in the file, as this is the case for processed experiments. The contents of the sample sheet are put into the phenoData slot.

Zero values in the raw data signals are set to NA

Ideally the OPA manifest file containing SNP annotation should be available, these files are provided by Illumina. Columns 'IllCode', 'CHR', and 'MapInfo' are put into the featureData slot.

GenCall Data

In order to process experiments that were genotyped using the GenCall software, the arrays should be scanned with the setting <SaveTextFiles>true</SaveTextFiles> in the Illumina configuration file Settings.XML. 3 Types of files need to be present in the same folder: The sample sheet, .csv files containing signal intensity data, and the report file that contains the genotype information. For each sample in the sample sheet there should be a .csv file with the following file mask: [sam_id]_R00[yy]_C00[xx].csv, where sam_id is the Illumina ID for the SAM, and xx and yy are the column and row number respectively. From the report files the file with mask [Pool_ID]_LocusByDNA[_ExpName].csv is used. 'Pool_ID' is the OPA panel used, and '_ExpName' is optional.

BeadStudio Data

To process experiments that were processed with BeadStudio, only two files are needed. The sample sheet and the Final Report file. The sample sheet must contain the same columns as for GenCall, the report file should contain the following columns: 'SNP Name', 'Sample ID', 'GC Score', 'Allele1 – AB', 'Allele2 – AB', 'GT Score', 'X Raw', and 'Y Raw'. 'SNP Name' and 'Sample ID' are used to form rows and columns in the experimental data, 'GC Score' is put in the callProbability matrix, 'Allele1 – AB' and 'Allele2 – AB' are combined into the call matrix, 'GT Score' is added to the featureData slot, 'X Raw' is put in the R matrix and 'Y Raw' in the G matrix. Other columns in the report file are added as matrices in the assayData slot, or columns in the featureData slot if values are identical for all samples in the reportfile. When nochecks is TRUE then only the 'SNP Name' and 'Sample ID' columns are required. The resulting object is now of class MultiSet

Sample sheets

To help generate a sample sheet for BeadStudio data a Sample_Map.txt file can be converted to a sample sheet with the Sample_Map2Samplesheet function. For Beadstudio reportfiles it is also possible to set samplesheet=NULL. In this case the phenoData slot will be fabricated from the sample names in the reportfile.

Manifest/OPA/annotation files

For BeadStudio reportfiles it is not necessary to have a Manifest file if the columns 'Chr' and 'Position' are available in the report file. Currently this is the only way to import data from Infinium arrays, because Illumina does not supply Manifest files for these arrays.

Value

This function returns an SnpSetIllumina object, or a MultiSet object when nochecks is TRUE.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

```
SnpSetIllumina-class, Sample_Map2Samplesheet, readIllumina
```

Examples

```
# read a SnpSetIllumina object using example textfiles in data directory
datadir <- system.file("testdata", package="beadarraySNP")
SNPdata <- read.SnpSetIllumina(paste(datadir,"4samples_opa4.csv",sep="/"),datadir)</pre>
```

removeLowQualityProbes

Quality control of SnpSetIllumina objects

Description

Remove probes form a SnpSetIllumina object that show a low quality throughout the experiment

Usage

```
removeLowQualityProbes(object, cutoff = 0.25)
```

Arguments

object SnpSetIllumina object

cutoff numeric

Details

Probes that have a median value below cutoff * median value for the whole experiment are deleted from the object.

Value

SnpSetIllumina object

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

removeLowQualitySamples

Quality control of SnpSetIllumina objects

Description

Remove samples from a SnpSetIllumina object that show a low quality

Usage

```
removeLowQualitySamples(object, min.intensity = 1500, min.gt = 100, subsample = "OPA")
```

Arguments

object SnpSetIllumina-class object

min.intensity numeric. Samples that show a median intensity below this value in either Red

or Green channel are removed

min.gt numeric. Samples that have less than this amount of valid genotypes are re-

moved

subsample factor or column name in featureData slot of object

Value

This function returns an SnpSetIllumina object.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
chr17.260chr17.260chr17.260,min.gt=10)
```

renameOPA 33

renameOPA

Change the linkage panel in a dataset

Description

Change the linkage panel in a dataset

Usage

```
renameOPA(snpdata, newOPA)
```

Arguments

snpdata SnpSetIllumina object

newOPA character, new linkage panel

Details

In order to combine different versions of the linkage panels, this function makes it possible to map the equivalent SNPs in both datasets.

Value

SnpSetIllumina object

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

reportGenotypeSegmentation

plot genomic view

Description

Create a figure that can be used for interactive work

Usage

reportGenotypeSegmentation(object, plotRaw = TRUE, subsample = NULL, panels = 0, minProbes = 10, maxY =

Arguments

object class SnpSetIllumina after segmentation

plotRaw logical subsample factor

panels number of panels on a page

minProbes minimum number of probes for a chromosome within a panel

maxY maximum value on vertical scale within panels

... arguments are forwrded to plot

Value

this function is used for its side effects

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

reportSamplePanelQC-methods

reportSamplePanelQC

Description

Show raw intensity values for green and red channel for all samples in an experiment

Usage

```
reportSamplePanelQC(object, by=10, legend=TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

object QCIllumina object

by numeric, number of samples in each plot

legend logical, create a final plot with a common legend for the barplots

... arguments are forwarded to barplot

Examples

```
data(QC.260)
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
reportSamplePanelQC(QC.260,by=8)
```

Sample_Map2Samplesheet

Convert Beadstudio Sample Map file to samplesheet

Description

Create a samplesheet that can be used to import Illumina beadstudio data

Usage

```
Sample_Map2Samplesheet(samplemapfile, saveas = "")
```

Arguments

```
samplemapfile character, name of the SampleMap file
saveas character, optional, name of samplesheet file that can be used directly by read.SnpSetIllumina
```

Details

During the creation of a final reportfile from Beadstudio there is an option to create Map files. The Sample_Map.txt file can be used to create an initial samplesheet for use in the read.SnpSetIllumina function

Value

A data. frame with the samplesheet

Author(s)

J. Oosting

See Also

read.SnpSetIllumina

segmentate

Segmentation for SnpSetIllumina objects

Description

Use snapCGH package to perform segmentation

Usage

36 setRealCN

Arguments

object class SnpSetIllumina method char, type of segmentation

normalizedTo numeric

doLog logical, perform transformation before segmentation, see convert2seglist

doMerge logical, perform merging of close states

useLair logical, Also segmentate on lair

subsample factor

alpha numeric, probability threshold to distinguish segments

Value

SnpSetIllumina object with elements observed, states and predicted set in the AssayData slot

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

setRealCN

Integrate state information into SNP object

Description

Set calculated values of copy numbers in inferred element of AssayData slot

Usage

```
setRealCN(object, sample, cn.sum, subsample="OPA")
```

Arguments

object class SnpSetIllumina sample sample identifier

cn.sum list, see createCNSummary

subsample "OPA"

Value

SnpSetIllumina object with inferred element of AssayData slot set

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

segmentate, alterCN, plotGoldenGate4OPA createCNSummary

smoothed.intensity 37

smoothed.intensity Smooth intensity data

Description

Create a table of smoothe intensity values

Usage

```
smoothed.intensity(snpdata, smooth.lambda = 4, tau = 0.5)
```

Arguments

snpdata SnpSetIllumina object smooth.lambda smoothing parameter tau quantile to smooth

Value

Numerical matrix with same dimensions as data

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

SnpSetIllumina-class

SnpSetIllumina

Class to Contain Objects Describing High-Throughput SNP Assays.

Description

Container for high-throughput assays and experimental metadata. SnpSetIllumina class is derived from eSet, and requires matrices R, G, call, callProbability as assay data members.

It supports featureData. Several visualization methods use columns CHR and MapInfo. The CHR column is used to handle sex chromosomes in a specific way. The OPA column is the default way to specify subsamples.

Extends

Directly extends class eSet.

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Creating Objects

```
new('SnpSetIllumina', phenoData = [AnnotatedDataFrame], experimentData = [MIAME], annotation
= [character], call = [matrix], callProbability = [matrix], G = [matrix], R = [matrix],
featureData = [data.frameOrNULL], ...)
```

SnpSetIllumina instances are usually created through new("SnpSetIllumina", ...). Arguments to new include call (a matrix of gentoypic calls, with features (SNPs) corresponding to rows and samples to columns), callProbability, G, R, phenoData, experimentData, and annotation. phenoData, experimentData, and annotation can be missing, in which case they are assigned default values.

Slots

Inherited from Biobase: eSet:

assayData: Contains matrices with equal dimensions, and with column number equal to nrow(phenoData). assayData must contain a matrix call with rows representing features (e.g., SNPs) and columns representing samples, a matrix callProbability describing the certainty of the call, and matrices R and G to describe allele specific intensities. The contents of these matrices are not enforced by the class. The assayData matrices Gb, Rb, intensity, theta are optional, but are either results or input for several methods of the class. Additional matrices of identical size may also be included in assayData. Class:AssayData.

```
phenoData: See eSet.
experimentData: See eSet.
annotation: See eSet.
```

featureData: annotation for SNPs, usually will contain a CHR and a MapInfo column for genomic localization.

Methods

Class-specific methods:

exprs(SnpSetIllumina), exprs(SnpSetIllumina, matrix)<- Access and set elements named
 call in the AssayData slot.</pre>

combine(SnpSetIllumina, SnpSetIllumina): performs union-like combination in both dimensions of SnpSetIllumina objects.

fData(SnpSetIllumina), fData(SnpSetIllumina, data.frame)<- Access and set the pData in the featureData slot.

calculateGSR(SnpSetIllumina) calculate ratio of Gentrain score and Gencall score. Creates GSR matrix in assayData. Should be performed before combining datasets.

calculateSmooth(object,smoothType) calculate smoothed data, creates smoothed matrix in assayData. smoothType can only be "quantsmooth" at the moment

sortGenomic(SnpSetIllumina) order the data by chromosome and position on the chromosome.

Derived from eSet:

sampleNames(SnpSetIllumina) and sampleNames(SnpSetIllumina)<-: See eSet.</pre>

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```
featureNames(SnpSetIllumina), featureNames(SnpSetIllumina, value)<-: See eSet.</pre>
dims(SnpSetIllumina): See eSet.
phenoData(SnpSetIllumina), phenoData(SnpSetIllumina, value)<-: See eSet.</pre>
varLabels(SnpSetIllumina), varLabels(SnpSetIllumina, value)<-: See eSet.</pre>
varMetadata(SnpSetIllumina), varMetadata(SnpSetIllumina, value)<-: See eSet.</pre>
pData(SnpSetIllumina), pData(SnpSetIllumina, value) <-: See eSet.
varMetadata(SnpSetIllumina), varMetadata(SnpSetIllumina, value) See eSet.
experimentData(SnpSetIllumina), experimentData(SnpSetIllumina, value) <-: See eSet.
pubMedIds(SnpSetIllumina), pubMedIds(SnpSetIllumina, value) See eSet.
abstract(SnpSetIllumina): See eSet.
annotation(SnpSetIllumina), annotation(SnpSetIllumina, value)<- See eSet.
storageMode(eSet), storageMode(eSet, character)<-: See eSet.</pre>
featureData(SnpSetIllumina), featureData(SnpSetIllumina, AnnotatedDataFrame) <- See
    eSet.
object[(index): Conducts subsetting of matrices and phenoData and featureData components.
Standard generic methods:
initialize(SnpSetIllumina): Object instantiation, used by new; not to be called directly by the
    user.
validObject(SnpSetIllumina): Validity-checking method, ensuring that call, callProbability,
    G, and R are members of assayData. checkValidity(SnpSetIllumina) imposes this valid-
    ity check, and the validity checks of Biobase: class.eSet.
show(SnpSetIllumina) See eSet.
dim(SnpSetIllumina), ncol See eSet.
SnpSetIllumina[(index): See eSet.
SnpSetIllumina$, SnpSetIllumina$<- See eSet.</pre>
```

Author(s)

J. Oosting, based on Biobase eSet class

See Also

eSet

```
SnpSetSegments-class Class "SnpSetSegments"
```

Description

The SnpSetSegments class is a direct descendant of the SnpSetIllumina class, with an extra slot to define the genomic segments in each sample.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("SnpSetSegments", assayData, phenoData, experimentData, annotation, protocolData, call, callProbability, G, R, cn.segments, featureData, extraData, ...).

Slots

```
cn.segments: Object of class "list"
assayData: Object of class "AssayData" see "SnpSetIllumina"
phenoData: Object of class "AnnotatedDataFrame" see "SnpSetIllumina"
featureData: Object of class "AnnotatedDataFrame" see "SnpSetIllumina"
experimentData: Object of class "MIAME" see "SnpSetIllumina"
annotation: Object of class "character" see "SnpSetIllumina"
protocolData: Object of class "AnnotatedDataFrame" see "SnpSetIllumina"
.__classVersion__: Object of class "Versiones" "VersionedBiobase"
```

Extends

Class "SnpSetIIlumina", directly. Class "eSet", by class "SnpSetIIlumina", distance 2. Class "VersionedBiobase", by class "SnpSetIIlumina", distance 3. Class "Versioned", by class "SnpSetIIlumina", distance 4.

Methods

```
cn.segments signature(object = "SnpSetSegments"): ...
cn.segments<- signature(object = "SnpSetSegments", value = "list"): ...
initialize signature(.Object = "SnpSetSegments"): ...</pre>
```

Note

This class is under development, and not usable in the current form

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

standardNormalization 41

References

Corver et.al. Can Res dec 2008

See Also

segmentate

Examples

```
showClass("SnpSetSegments")
```

standardNormalization $Default\ complete\ normalization$

Description

Performs all steps in normalization at best settings as determined in ref.

Usage

```
standardNormalization(snpdata)
```

Arguments

snpdata

SnpSetIllumina object with raw data

Details

```
The function performs in the following steps snpdata<-normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP(snpdata) snpdata<-normalizeWithinArrays.SNP(snpdata,callscore = 0.8, relative = TRUE, fixed = FALSE, quantilepersample = TRUE) snpdata<-normalizeLoci.SNP(snpdata,normalizeTo = 2)
```

Value

A SnpSetIllumina object with the G, R and intensity elements in assayData normalized to obtain values close to 2 on a linear scale for unaffected material.

Author(s)

Jan Oosting

See Also

```
normalizeBetweenAlleles.SNP,normalizeWithinArrays.SNP,normalizeLoci.SNP
```

Examples

```
data(chr17.260)
data.nrm<-standardNormalization(chr17.260)</pre>
```

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