Package 'DelayedMatrixStats'

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Type Package Title Functions that Apply to Rows and Columns of 'DelayedMatrix' Objects Version 1.22.6 Date 2023-08-26 **Description** A port of the 'matrixStats' API for use with DelayedMatrix objects from the 'DelayedArray' package. High-performing functions operating on rows and columns of DelayedMatrix objects, e.g. col / rowMedians(), col / rowRanks(), and col / rowSds(). Functions optimized per data type and for subsetted calculations such that both memory usage and processing time is minimized. License MIT + file LICENSE **Encoding UTF-8** LazyData true **Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE) RoxygenNote 7.2.3 **Depends** MatrixGenerics (>= 1.12.1), DelayedArray (>= 0.26.7) **Imports** methods, matrixStats (>= 1.0.0), sparseMatrixStats, Matrix (>= 1.5-0), S4Vectors (>= 0.17.5), IRanges (>= 2.25.10) Suggests testthat, knitr, rmarkdown, covr, BiocStyle, microbenchmark, profmem, HDF5Array VignetteBuilder knitr URL https://github.com/PeteHaitch/DelayedMatrixStats BugReports https://github.com/PeteHaitch/DelayedMatrixStats/issues biocViews Infrastructure, DataRepresentation, Software git_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/DelayedMatrixStats git_branch RELEASE_3_17

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 $\verb|colAlls,DelayedMatrix-method||\\$

Check if all elements in a row (column) of a matrix-like object are equal to a value

Description

Check if all elements in a row (column) of a matrix-like object are equal to a value.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colAlls(
  х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  value = TRUE,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colAnys(
  rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
 value = TRUE,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
 useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowAlls(
  Х,
 rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  value = TRUE,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  . . . ,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowAnys(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  value = TRUE,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

value The value to search for.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowAlls/matrixStats::colAlls.

Value

Returns a logical vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowAlls() and matrixStats::colAlls() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For checks if *any* element is equal to a value, see rowAnys().
- base::all().

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colAnyMissings

Checks if there are any missing values in an object or not

Description

Checks if there are any missing values in an object or not. *Please use* base::anyNA() *instead of* anyMissing(), colAnyNAs() *instead of* colAnyMissings(), *and* rowAnyNAs() *instead of* rowAnyMissings().

```
colAnyMissings(x, rows = NULL, cols = NULL, ..., useNames = NA)
rowAnyMissings(x, rows = NULL, cols = NULL, ..., useNames = NA)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colAnyMissings(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
 useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colAnyNAs(
 х,
 rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowAnyMissings(
 х,
  rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
```

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```
force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)

## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowAnyNAs(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)
```

Arguments

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows A vector indicating subset of rows to operate over. If NULL, no subsetting is

done.

cols A vector indicating subset of columns to operate over. If NULL, no subsetting

is done.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

Details

The implementation of this method is optimized for both speed and memory. The method will return TRUE as soon as a missing value is detected.

Value

Returns TRUE if a missing value was detected, otherwise FALSE.

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

Starting with R v3.1.0, there is anyNA() in the **base**, which provides the same functionality as anyMissing().

Examples

```
# A DelayedMatrix with a 'matrix' seed
dm_matrix <- DelayedArray(matrix(c(rep(1L, 5),</pre>
                                    as.integer((0:4) ^ 2),
                                    seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)),
                                  ncol = 3)
# A DelayedMatrix with a 'HDF5ArraySeed' seed
# NOTE: Requires that the HDF5Array package is installed
library(HDF5Array)
dm_HDF5 <- writeHDF5Array(matrix(c(rep(1L, 5),</pre>
                                    as.integer((0:4) ^ 2),
                                    seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)),
                                  ncol = 3))
dm_matrix[dm_matrix > 3] <- NA
colAnyNAs(dm_matrix)
dm_{HDF5}[dm_{HDF5} > 3] <- NA
rowAnyNAs(dm_HDF5)
```

colAvgsPerRowSet,DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates for each row (column) a summary statistic for equally sized subsets of columns (rows)

Description

Calculates for each row (column) a summary statistic for equally sized subsets of columns (rows).

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colAvgsPerRowSet(
    X,
    W = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    S,
    FUN = colMeans,
    ...,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    na.rm = NA,
    tFUN = FALSE
)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowAvgsPerColSet(
   X,
   W = NULL,
   rows = NULL,
   S,
   FUN = rowMeans,
   ...,
   force_block_processing = FALSE,
   na.rm = NA,
   tFUN = FALSE
)
```

W An optional numeric NxM matrix of weights.

S An integer KxJ matrix that specifying the J subsets. Each column hold K column

(row) indices for the corresponding subset. The range of values is [1, M] ([1,N]).

FUN A row-by-row (column-by-column) summary statistic function. It is applied to

to each column (row) subset of X that is specified by S.

. . . Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

na.rm (logical) Argument passed to FUN() as na.rm = na.rm. If NA (default), then

na.rm = TRUE is used if X or S holds missing values, otherwise na.rm = FALSE.

tFUN If TRUE, X is transposed before it is passed to FUN.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset (and/or columns) to operate over. If NULL, no

subsetting is done.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowAvgsPerColSet / matrixStats::colAvgsPerRowSet.

Value

Returns a numeric JxN (MxJ) matrix.

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

• matrixStats::rowAvgsPerColSet() and matrixStats::colAvgsPerRowSet() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.

Examples

colCollapse, DelayedMatrix-method

Extract one cell from each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Extract one cell from each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colCollapse(
  х,
  idxs,
  cols = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowCollapse(
  Х,
  idxs,
  rows = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

idxs An index vector with the position to extract. It is recycled to match the number

of rows (column)

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowCollapse / matrixStats::colCollapse.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

• matrixStats::rowCollapse() and matrixStats::colCollapse() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.

```
seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)),
ncol = 3))

# Extract the 4th row as a vector
# NOTE: An ordinary vector is returned regardless of the backend of
# the DelayedMatrix object
colCollapse(dm_matrix, 4)
colCollapse(dm_HDF5, 4)

# Extract the 2nd column as a vector
# NOTE: An ordinary vector is returned regardless of the backend of
# the DelayedMatrix object
rowCollapse(dm_matrix, 2)
rowCollapse(dm_HDF5, 2)
```

colCounts, DelayedMatrix-method

Count how often an element in a row (column) of a matrix-like object is equal to a value

Description

Count how often an element in a row (column) of a matrix-like object is equal to a value.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colCounts(
  х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  value = TRUE,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  . . . ,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowCounts(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  value = TRUE,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

value The value to search for.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

. . . Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. Only useNames = NA is currently supported, other values are silently

ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowCounts/matrixStats::colCounts.

Value

Returns a integer vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowCounts() and matrixStats::colCounts() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For checks if any element is equal to a value, see rowAnys(). To check if all elements are equal, see rowAlls().

```
C3 = seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)))

colCounts(dm_matrix, value = 1)
# Only count those in the first 4 rows
colCounts(dm_matrix, rows = 1:4, value = 1)

rowCounts(dm_DF, value = 5)
# Only count those in the odd-numbered rows of the 2nd column
rowCounts(dm_DF, rows = seq(1, nrow(dm_DF), 2), cols = 2, value = 5)
```

colCummaxs, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the cumulative maxima for each row (column) of a matrixlike object

Description

Calculates the cumulative maxima for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colCummaxs(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colCummins(
  х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colCumprods(
  х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
```

```
useNames = NA
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colCumsums(
 х,
 rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
 useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowCummaxs(
  х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
 useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowCummins(
 х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowCumprods(
 х,
  rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
 force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowCumsums(
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
```

```
force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. Only useNames = NA is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowCummaxs / matrixStats::colCummaxs.

Value

Returns a numeric matrix with the same dimensions as x.

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowCummaxs() and matrixStats::colCummaxs() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For single maximum estimates, see rowMaxs().
- base::cummax().

```
ncol = 3))
# A DelayedMatrix with a 'Matrix' seed
dm_Matrix <- DelayedArray(Matrix::Matrix(c(rep(1L, 5),</pre>
                                            as.integer((0:4) ^ 2),
                                            seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)),
                                          ncol = 3))
colCummaxs(dm_matrix)
colCummins(dm_matrix)
colCumprods(dm_matrix)
colCumsums(dm_matrix)
# Only use rows 2-4
rowCummaxs(dm_Matrix, rows = 2:4)
# Only use rows 2-4
rowCummins(dm_Matrix, rows = 2:4)
# Only use rows 2-4
rowCumprods(dm_Matrix, rows = 2:4)
# Only use rows 2-4
rowCumsums(dm_Matrix, rows = 2:4)
```

colDiffs, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the difference between each element of a row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the difference between each element of a row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colDiffs(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    lag = 1L,
    differences = 1L,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowDiffs(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    lag = 1L,
    differences = 1L,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

lag An integer specifying the lag.

differences An integer specifying the order of difference.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. Only useNames = NA is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowDiffs/matrixStats::colDiffs.

Value

Returns a numeric matrix with one column (row) less than x: Nx(K-1) or (N-1)xK.

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowDiffs() and matrixStats::colDiffs() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- base::diff().

Examples

```
# A DelayedMatrix with a 'matrix' seed
dm_matrix <- DelayedArray(matrix(c(rep(1L, 5),</pre>
                                    as.integer((0:4) ^ 2),
                                    seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)),
                                  ncol = 3))
# A DelayedMatrix with a 'HDF5ArraySeed' seed
# NOTE: Requires that the HDF5Array package is installed
library(HDF5Array)
dm_HDF5 <- writeHDF5Array(matrix(c(rep(1L, 5),</pre>
                                    as.integer((0:4) ^ 2),
                                    seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)),
                                  ncol = 3))
colDiffs(dm_matrix)
rowDiffs(dm_HDF5)
# In reverse column order
rowDiffs(dm_HDF5, cols = seq(ncol(dm_HDF5), 1, -1))
```

collQRDiffs,DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the interquartile range of the difference between each element of a row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the interquartile range of the difference between each element of a row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
coliQRDiffs(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    na.rm = FALSE,
    diff = 1L,
    trim = 0,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
```

```
useNames = NA
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colMadDiffs(
 х,
 rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
 na.rm = FALSE,
 diff = 1L,
  trim = 0,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
 useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colSdDiffs(
 Х,
 rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
 na.rm = FALSE,
 diff = 1L,
  trim = 0,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  . . . ,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colVarDiffs(
 х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
 diff = 1L,
  trim = 0,
 force_block_processing = FALSE,
 useNames = NA
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowIQRDiffs(
 Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
```

```
diff = 1L,
  trim = 0,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
 useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowMadDiffs(
 х,
 rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
 na.rm = FALSE,
 diff = 1L,
  trim = 0,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowSdDiffs(
 х,
 rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
 na.rm = FALSE,
 diff = 1L,
  trim = 0,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowVarDiffs(
 х,
 rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
 na.rm = FALSE,
 diff = 1L,
  trim = 0,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
 useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

diff An integer specifying the order of difference.

trim A double in [0,1/2] specifying the fraction of observations to be trimmed from

each end of (sorted) x before estimation.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

. . . Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowIQRDiffs / matrixStats::colIQRDiffs.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowIQRDiffs() and matrixStats::colIQRDiffs() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For the direct interquartile range see also rowIQRs.

```
dim = c(5, 3))

colIQRDiffs(dm_Matrix)

colMadDiffs(dm_Matrix)

colSdDiffs(dm_Matrix)

colVarDiffs(dm_Matrix)

# Only using rows 2-4

rowIQRDiffs(dm_Rle, rows = 2:4)

# Only using rows 2-4

rowMadDiffs(dm_Rle, rows = 2:4)

# Only using rows 2-4

rowSdDiffs(dm_Rle, rows = 2:4)

# Only using rows 2-4

rowSdDiffs(dm_Rle, rows = 2:4)
```

colIQRs,DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the interquartile range for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the interquartile range for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colIQRs(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    na.rm = FALSE,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)

## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowIQRs(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
```

```
na.rm = FALSE,
force_block_processing = FALSE,
...,
useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.**

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowIQRs/matrixStats::colIQRs.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowIQRs() and matrixStats::colIQRs() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For a non-robust analog, see rowSds(). For a more robust version see rowMads()
- stats::IQR().

Examples

colLogSumExps,DelayedMatrix-method

Accurately calculates the logarithm of the sum of exponentials for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Accurately calculates the logarithm of the sum of exponentials for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colLogSumExps(
  lx,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowLogSumExps(
  lx,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
```

```
useNames = NA
)
```

1x A NxK DelayedMatrix. Typically, 1x are log(x) values.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset (and/or columns) to operate over. If NULL, no

subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

. . . Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. Only useNames = NA is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowLogSumExps / matrixStats::colLogSumExps.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowLogSumExps() and matrixStats::colLogSumExps() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- rowSums2()

```
x <- DelayedArray(matrix(runif(10), ncol = 2))
colLogSumExps(log(x))
rowLogSumExps(log(x))</pre>
```

colMads, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the median absolute deviation for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the median absolute deviation for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colMads(
 х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
 center = NULL,
  constant = 1.4826,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colSds(
  х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  center = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  . . . ,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowMads(
  х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  center = NULL,
  constant = 1.4826,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowSds(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    na.rm = FALSE,
    center = NULL,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

center (optional) the center, defaults to the row means constant A scale factor. See stats::mad() for details.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowMads/matrixStats::colMads.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowMads() and matrixStats::colMads() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For mean estimates, see rowMeans2() and rowMeans().
- For non-robust standard deviation estimates, see rowSds().

Examples

colMeans2, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the mean for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the mean for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colMeans2(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    na.rm = FALSE,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)

## S4 method for signature 'Matrix'
```

```
colMeans2(x, rows = NULL, cols = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ..., useNames = NA)
## S4 method for signature 'SolidRleArraySeed'
colMeans2(x, rows = NULL, cols = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ..., useNames = NA)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowMeans2(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    na.rm = FALSE,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)

## S4 method for signature 'Matrix'
rowMeans2(x, rows = NULL, cols = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ..., useNames = NA)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

.. Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. Only useNames = NA is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowMeans2/matrixStats::colMeans2.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N(K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowMeans2() and matrixStats::colMeans2() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- See also rowMeans() for the corresponding function in base R.
- For variance estimates, see rowVars().
- See also the base R version base::rowMeans().

Examples

```
# A DelayedMatrix with a 'matrix' seed
dm_matrix <- DelayedArray(matrix(c(rep(1L, 5),</pre>
                                    as.integer((0:4) ^ 2),
                                    seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)),
                                 ncol = 3))
# A DelayedMatrix with a 'SolidRleArraySeed' seed
dm_Rle <- RleArray(Rle(c(rep(1L, 5),</pre>
                         as.integer((0:4) ^ 2),
                         seq(-5L, -1L, 1L))),
                   dim = c(5, 3)
colMeans2(dm_matrix)
# NOTE: Temporarily use verbose output to demonstrate which method is
        which method is being used
options(DelayedMatrixStats.verbose = TRUE)
# By default, this uses a seed-aware method for a DelayedMatrix with a
# 'SolidRleArraySeed' seed
rowMeans2(dm_Rle)
# Alternatively, can use the block-processing strategy
rowMeans2(dm_Rle, force_block_processing = TRUE)
options(DelayedMatrixStats.verbose = FALSE)
```

colMedians, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the median for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the median for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colMedians(
   x,
   rows = NULL,
   cols = NULL,
```

```
na.rm = FALSE,
force_block_processing = FALSE,
...,
useNames = NA
)

## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowMedians(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    na.rm = FALSE,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.**

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowMedians / matrixStats::colMedians.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length $N\left(K\right)$.

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowMedians() and matrixStats::colMedians() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For mean estimates, see rowMeans2() and rowMeans().

Examples

colOrderStats, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates an order statistic for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates an order statistic for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colOrderStats(
  х,
 rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
 which,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowOrderStats(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
 which,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
```

```
useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

which An integer index in [1,K] ([1,N]) indicating which order statistic to be returned

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.**

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowOrderStats / matrixStats::colOrderStats.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

• matrixStats::rowOrderStats() and matrixStats::colOrderStats() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.

```
# Different algorithms, specified by `which`, may give different results
rowOrderStats(dm_Matrix, which = 1)
rowOrderStats(dm_Matrix, which = 2)
```

colProds, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the product for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the product for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colProds(
  Х,
 rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
 method = c("direct", "expSumLog"),
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'SolidRleArraySeed'
colProds(
 х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
 na.rm = FALSE,
 method = c("direct", "expSumLog"),
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowProds(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
 method = c("direct", "expSumLog"),
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

method A character vector of length one that specifies the how the product is calculated.

Note, that this is not a generic argument and not all implementation have to

provide it.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowProds/matrixStats::colProds.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowProds() and matrixStats::colProds() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For sums across rows (columns), see rowSums2() (colSums2())
- base::prod().

colQuantiles, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates quantiles for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates quantiles for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colQuantiles(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  probs = seq(from = 0, to = 1, by = 0.25),
  na.rm = FALSE,
  type = 7L,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA,
  drop = TRUE
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowQuantiles(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  probs = seq(from = 0, to = 1, by = 0.25),
  na.rm = FALSE,
  type = 7L,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA,
  drop = TRUE
)
```

rows, cols

A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If NULL, no subsetting is done.

probs

A numeric vector of J probabilities in [0, 1].

If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

type

An integer specifying the type of estimator. See stats::quantile(). for more

details.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

A NxK DelayedMatrix.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

drop If TRUE a vector is returned if J == 1.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowQuantiles / matrixStats::colOuantiles.

Value

a numeric NxJ (KxJ) matrix, where N (K) is the number of rows (columns) for which the J values are calculated.

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowQuantiles() and matrixStats::colQuantiles() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- stats::quantile

```
# colnames, if present, are preserved as rownames on output
colQuantiles(dm_df)

# Input has no rownames so output has no rownames
rowQuantiles(dm_df)
```

colRanks, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the rank of the elements for each row (column) of a matrixlike object

Description

Calculates the rank of the elements for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colRanks(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
 ties.method = c("max", "average", "first", "last", "random", "max", "min", "dense"),
  preserveShape = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = useNames
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowRanks(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
 ties.method = c("max", "average", "first", "last", "random", "max", "min", "dense"),
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

Arguments

A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If NULL, no subsetting is done.

ties.method A character string specifying how ties are treated. Note that the default specifies

fewer options than the original matrixStats package.

preserveShape If TRUE the output matrix has the same shape as the input x. Note, that this is not

a generic argument and not all implementation of this function have to provide

it.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowRanks/matrixStats::colRanks.

The matrixStats::rowRanks() function can handle a lot of different values for the ties.method argument. Users of the generic function should however only rely on max and average because the other ones are not guaranteed to be implemented:

max for values with identical values the maximum rank is returned

average for values with identical values the average of the ranks they cover is returned. Note, that in this case the return value is of type numeric.

Value

a matrix of type integer is returned unless ties.method = "average". Ithas dimensions' NxJ (KxJ) matrix, where N(K) is the number of rows (columns) of the input x.

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowRanks() and matrixStats::colRanks() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- · base::rank

Examples

colSums2, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the sum for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the sum for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colSums2(
  Χ,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'Matrix'
colSums2(x, rows = NULL, cols = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ..., useNames = NA)
## S4 method for signature 'SolidRleArraySeed'
colSums2(x, rows = NULL, cols = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ..., useNames = NA)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowSums2(
  х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'Matrix'
rowSums2(x, rows = NULL, cols = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, ..., useNames = useNames)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.**

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowSums2/matrixStats::colSums2.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowSums2() and matrixStats::colSums2() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For mean estimates, see rowMeans2() and rowMeans().
- base::sum().

Examples

```
# A DelayedMatrix with a 'matrix' seed
dm_matrix <- DelayedArray(matrix(c(rep(1L, 5),</pre>
                                    as.integer((0:4) ^ 2),
                                    seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)),
                                 ncol = 3))
# A DelayedMatrix with a 'Matrix' seed
dm_Matrix <- DelayedArray(Matrix::Matrix(c(rep(1L, 5),</pre>
                                            as.integer((0:4) ^ 2),
                                            seq(-5L, -1L, 1L)),
                                          ncol = 3)
colSums2(dm_matrix)
# NOTE: Temporarily use verbose output to demonstrate which method is
        which method is being used
options(DelayedMatrixStats.verbose = TRUE)
# By default, this uses a seed-aware method for a DelayedMatrix with a
# 'SolidRleArraySeed' seed
rowSums2(dm_Matrix)
# Alternatively, can use the block-processing strategy
rowSums2(dm_Matrix, force_block_processing = TRUE)
options(DelayedMatrixStats.verbose = FALSE)
```

colTabulates, DelayedMatrix-method

Tabulates the values in a matrix-like object by row (column)

Description

Tabulates the values in a matrix-like object by row (column).

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colTabulates(
    x,
    rows = NULL,
    cols = NULL,
    values = NULL,
    force_block_processing = FALSE,
    ...,
    useNames = NA
)

## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowTabulates(
    x,
```

```
rows = NULL,
cols = NULL,
values = NULL,
force_block_processing = FALSE,
...,
useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

values the values to search for.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. Only useNames = NA is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowTabulates / matrixStats::colTabulates.

Value

a numeric NxJ (KxJ) matrix, where $N\left(K\right)$ is the number of rows (columns) for which the J values are calculated.

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowTabulates() and matrixStats::colTabulates() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- base::table()

Examples

colVars, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the variance for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the variance for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colVars(
  х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  center = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  . . . ,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowVars(
  Х,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  center = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

center (optional) the center, defaults to the row means.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

. . . Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowVars/matrixStats::colVars.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowVars() and matrixStats::colVars() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- For mean estimates, see rowMeans2() and rowMeans().
- For standard deviation estimates, see rowSds().
- stats::var().

colWeightedMads, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the weighted median absolute deviation for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the weighted median absolute deviation for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colWeightedMads(
  Х,
 w = NULL
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  constant = 1.4826,
  center = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowWeightedMads(
  Х,
  w = NULL,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  constant = 1.4826,
  center = NULL,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

A numeric vector of length K (N) that specifies by how much each element is

weighted.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

constant A scale factor. See stats::mad() for details.

center (optional) the center, defaults to the row means

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowWeightedMads / matrixStats::colWeightedMads.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowWeightedMads() and matrixStats::colWeightedMads() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- See also rowMads for the corresponding unweighted function.

```
colWeightedMads(dm_matrix, w = 1:5)
rowWeightedMads(dm_matrix, w = 3:1)
```

colWeightedMeans,DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the weighted mean for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the weighted mean for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colWeightedMeans(
 х,
 w = NULL
 rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowWeightedMeans(
 Х,
 w = NULL,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
 na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

Arguments

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

w A numeric vector of length K (N) that specifies by how much each element is weighted.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.**

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowWeightedMeans / matrixStats::colWeightedMeans.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowWeightedMeans() and matrixStats::colWeightedMeans() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- See also rowMeans2 for the corresponding unweighted function.

```
colWeightedMedians, DelayedMatrix-method
```

Calculates the weighted median for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the weighted median for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colWeightedMedians(
  Х,
  w = NULL,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowWeightedMedians(
  х,
 w = NULL
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

Arguments

A NxK DelayedMatrix. Χ A numeric vector of length K (N) that specifies by how much each element is W weighted. A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If rows, cols NULL, no subsetting is done. If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations. na.rm

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames

If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained. If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. Only useNames = NA is currently supported, other values are silently ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowWeightedMedians / matrixStats::colWeightedMedians.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowWeightedMedians() and matrixStats::colWeightedMedians() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- See also rowMedians for the corresponding unweighted function.

Examples

colWeightedSds, DelayedMatrix-method

Calculates the weighted standard deviation for each row (column) of a matrix-like object

Description

Calculates the weighted standard deviation for each row (column) of a matrix-like object.

```
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colWeightedSds(
  х,
 w = NULL
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
colWeightedVars(
 х,
 w = NULL,
 rows = NULL,
 cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
 useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowWeightedSds(
  Х,
 w = NULL
 rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  . . . ,
  useNames = NA
)
## S4 method for signature 'DelayedMatrix'
rowWeightedVars(
 х,
 w = NULL,
  rows = NULL,
  cols = NULL,
  na.rm = FALSE,
  force_block_processing = FALSE,
  useNames = NA
)
```

x A NxK DelayedMatrix.

w A numeric vector of length K (N) that specifies by how much each element is

weighted.

rows, cols A vector indicating the subset of rows (and/or columns) to operate over. If

NULL, no subsetting is done.

na.rm If TRUE, missing values (NA or NaN) are omitted from the calculations.

force_block_processing

FALSE (the default) means that a seed-aware, optimised method is used (if available). This can be overridden to use the general block-processing strategy by setting this to TRUE (typically not advised). The block-processing strategy loads one or more (depending on \link[DelayedArray]{getAutoBlockSize}()) columns (colFoo()) or rows (rowFoo()) into memory as an ordinary base::array.

... Additional arguments passed to specific methods.

useNames If NA, the default behavior of the function about naming support is remained.

If FALSE, no naming support is done. Else if TRUE, names attributes of result are set. **Only** useNames = NA **is currently supported, other values are silently**

ignored.

Details

The S4 methods for x of type matrix, array, table, or numeric call matrixStats::rowWeightedSds / matrixStats::colWeightedSds.

Value

Returns a numeric vector of length N (K).

Author(s)

Peter Hickey

See Also

- matrixStats::rowWeightedSds() and matrixStats::colWeightedSds() which are used when the input is a matrix or numeric vector.
- See also rowSds for the corresponding unweighted function.

```
# Specifying weights inversely proportional to rowwise means
colWeightedVars(dm_Rle, w = 1 / rowMeans2(dm_Rle))
```

- # Specifying weights inversely proportional to columnwise means
 rowWeightedSds(dm_Rle, w = 1 / colMeans2(dm_Rle))
- # Specifying weights inversely proportional to columnwise means rowWeightedVars(dm_Rle, w = 1 / colMeans2(dm_Rle))

DelayedMatrixStats

DelayedMatrixStats: Functions that apply to rows and columns of DelayedMatrix objects.

Description

DelayedMatrixStats is a port of the **matrixStats** API to work with *DelayedMatrix* objects from the **DelayedArray** package. High-performing functions operating on rows and columns of *DelayedMatrix* objects, e.g. colMedians() / rowMedians(), colRanks() / rowRanks(), and colSds() / rowSds(). Functions optimized per data type and for subsetted calculations such that both memory usage and processing time is minimized.

from_DelayedArray_to_simple_seed_class

Coerce DelayedArray to its 'simple seed' form

Description

Coerce DelayedArray to its 'simple seed' form

Usage

```
from_DelayedArray_to_simple_seed_class(x, drop = FALSE, do_transpose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x A DelayedArray

drop If TRUE the result is coerced to the lowest possible dimension

do_transpose Should transposed input be physically transposed?

Details

Like DelayedArray:::.from_DelayedArray_to_array but returning an object of the same class as seedClass(x) instead of an *array*. In doing so, all delayed operations are realised (including subsetting).

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Value

An object of the same class as seedClass(x).

Note

Can be more efficient to leave the transpose implicit (do_transpose = FALSE) and switch from a row*() method to a col*() method (or vice versa).

Only works on DelayedArray objects with 'simple seeds'

reexports

Objects exported from other packages

Description

These objects are imported from other packages. Follow the links below to see their documentation.

DelayedArray colMaxs, colMins, colRanges, rowMaxs, rowMins, rowRanges

subset_by_Nindex

subset_by_Nindex

Description

subset_by_Nindex() is an internal generic function not aimed to be used directly by the user. It is basically an S4 generic for DelayedArray:::subset_by_Nindex.

Usage

```
subset_by_Nindex(x, Nindex)
```

Arguments

x An array-like object.

Nindex An unnamed list of subscripts as positive integer vectors, one vector per dimen-

sion in x. Empty and missing subscripts (represented by integer(0) and NULL list elements, respectively) are allowed. The subscripts can contain duplicated

indices. They cannot contain NAs or non-positive values.

Details

 $subset_by_Nindex(x, Nindex) \ conceptually performs the operation x[Nindex[1], \ldots, Nindex[length(Nindex)]). \\ subset_by_Nindex() \ methods \ need to support empty and missing subscripts, e.g., subset_by_Nindex(x, list(NULL, integer(0))) \ must return an M x 0 object of class class(x) and subset_by_Nindex(x, list(integer(0), integer(0))) \ a 0 x 0 object of class class(x). \\ \\$

Also, subscripts are allowed to contain duplicate indices so things like $subset_by_Nindex(x, list(c(1:3, 3:1), 2L))$ need to be supported.

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Value

A object of class class(x) of the appropriate type (e.g., integer, double, etc.). For example, if x is a data.frame representing an M x N matrix of integers, subset_by_Nindex(x, list(NULL, 2L) must return its 2nd column as a data.frame with M rows and 1 column of type integer.

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