

# Package ‘CNVfilterR’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Identifies false positives of CNV calling tools by using SNV calls

**Version** 1.0.4

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**Description** CNVfilterR identifies those CNVs that can be discarded by using the single nucleotide variant (SNV) calls that are usually obtained in common NGS pipelines.

**License** Artistic-2.0

**URL** <https://github.com/jpuntomarcos/CNVfilterR>

**Encoding** UTF-8

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**Depends** R (>= 3.6)

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auxAddCNcolumn	<i>auxAddCNcolumn</i>
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### Description

Adds a 'cn' column to the `cnvs.gr` data.frame or GRanges.

### Usage

```
auxAddCNcolumn(cnvs.gr)
```

### Arguments

<code>cnvs.gr</code>	data.frame or GRanges containing the column 'cnv' with "deletion" or "duplication" as values
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### Details

For each row, cn column is filled with 1 if cnv is "deletion", 3 if cnv is "duplication"

### Value

input `cnvs.gr` with the new column 'cn'

---

auxGetVcfSource	<i>auxGetVcfSource</i>
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---

### Description

Obtains VCF source from a given VCF file path. Auxiliar function used by `loadSNPsFromVCF`.

### Usage

```
auxGetVcfSource(vcf.source = NULL, vcf.file)
```

### Arguments

<code>vcf.source</code>	VCF source. Leave NULL to allow the function to recognize it. Otherwise, the function will not try to recognize the source. (Defaults to NULL)
<code>vcf.file</code>	VCF file path

**Value**

VCF source

---

auxProcessVariants      *auxProcessVariants*

---

**Description**

Auxiliar function called by loadVCFs to process variants

**Usage**

```
auxProcessVariants(  
  vars,  
  cnvGR,  
  heterozygous.range,  
  homozygous.range,  
  min.total.depth,  
  exclude.indels,  
  regions.to.exclude  
)
```

**Arguments**

vars	GRanges object containing variants for a certain sample.
cnvGR	GRanges object containing CNV calls for a certain sample.
heterozygous.range	Heterozygous range. Variants not in the homozygous/heterozygous intervals will be excluded.
homozygous.range	Homozygous range. Variants not in the homozygous/heterozygous intervals will be excluded.
min.total.depth	Minimum total depth. Variants under this value will be excluded.
exclude.indels	Whether to exclude indels when loading the variants. TRUE is the recommended value given that indels frequency varies in a different way than SNVs.
regions.to.exclude	A GRanges object defining the regions for which the variants should be excluded.

**Value**

Processed vars

---

 filterCNVs

*filterCNVs*


---

## Description

Identifies those copy number calls that can be filtered

## Usage

```
filterCNVs(
  cnvs.gr,
  vcfs,
  expected.ht.mean = 50,
  expected.dup.ht.mean1 = 33.3,
  expected.dup.ht.mean2 = 66.6,
  sigmoid.c1 = 2,
  sigmoid.c2.vector = c(28, 38.3, 44.7, 55.3, 61.3, 71.3),
  dup.threshold.score = 0.5,
  ht.deletions.threshold = 15,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

## Arguments

cnvs.gr	GRanges containing CNVs to be filtered. Use <code>loadCNVcalls</code> to load them.
vcfs	List of GRanges containing all variants (SNV/indel) obtained with the <code>loadVCFs</code> function.
expected.ht.mean	Expected heterozygous SNV/indel allele frequency (defaults to 50)
expected.dup.ht.mean1	Expected heterozygous SNV/indel allele frequency when the variant IS NOT in the same allele than the CNV duplication call. (defaults to 33.3)
expected.dup.ht.mean2	Expected heterozygous SNV/indel allele frequency when the variant IS in the same allele than the CNV duplication call. (defaults to 66.6)
sigmoid.c1	Sigmoid c1 parameter. (defaults to 2)
sigmoid.c2.vector	Vector containing sigmoid c2 parameters for the six sigmoids functions. (defaults to <code>c(28, 38.3, 44.7, 55.3, 61.3, 71.3)</code> )
dup.threshold.score	Limit value to decide if a CNV duplication can be filtered or not. A CNV duplication can be filtered if the total score computed from heterozygous variants matching the CNV is equal or greater than <code>dup.threshold.score</code> . (defaults to 0.5)
ht.deletions.threshold	Minimum percentage of heterozygous variants matching a CNV deletion to filter that CNV. (defaults to 15)
verbose	Whether to show information messages. (defaults to TRUE)

## Details

Checks all the variants (SNV and optionally INDELS) matching each CNV present in `cnvs.gr` to decide whether a CNV can be filtered or not. It returns an S3 object with 3 elements: `cnvs`, `variantsForEachCNV` and `filterParameters`. See return section for further details.

A CNV deletion can be filtered if there is at least `ht.deletions.threshold`. A CNV duplication can be filtered if the score is  $\geq$  `dup.threshold.score` after computing all heterozygous variants matching the CNV.

If a CNV can be filtered, then the value `TRUE` is set in the `filter` column of the `cnvs` element.

## Value

A S3 object with 3 elements:

- `cnvs`: GRanges with the input CNVs and the meta-columns added during the call:
  - `filter`: Set to `TRUE` if the CNV can be filtered
  - `n.total.variants`: Number of variants matching the CNV
  - `n.hm.variants`: Number of homozygous variants. They do not give any evidenced for confirming or discarding the CNV.
  - `n.ht.discard.CNV`: For a CNV duplication, number of heterozygous variants in that discard the CNV (those with a positive score)
  - `n.ht.confirm.CNV`: For a CNV duplication, number of heterozygous variants that confirm the CNV (those with a negative score)
  - `score`: total score when computing all the variants scores
  - `cnv.id`: CNV id
- `variantsForEachCNV`: named list where each name correspond to a CNV id and the value is a `data.frame` with all variants matching that CNV
- `filterParameters`: input parameters used for filtering

## Examples

```
# Load CNVs data
cnvs.file <- system.file("extdata", "DECoN.CNVcalls.csv", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE)
cnvs.gr <- loadCNVcalls(cnvs.file = cnvs.file, chr.column = "Chromosome", start.column = "Start", end.column = "End")

# Load VCFs data
vcf.files <- c(system.file("extdata", "variants.sample1.vcf.gz", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE),
              system.file("extdata", "variants.sample2.vcf.gz", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE))
vcfs <- loadVCFs(vcf.files, cnvs.gr = cnvs.gr)

# Filter CNVs
results <- filterCNVs(cnvs.gr, vcfs)

# Check CNVs that can be filtered
as.data.frame(results$cnvs[results$cnvs$filter == TRUE])
```

---

getVariantScore	<i>getVariantScore</i>
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---

### Description

Returns score for a given allele frequency

### Usage

```
getVariantScore(  
  freq,  
  expected.ht.mean,  
  expected.dup.ht.mean1,  
  expected.dup.ht.mean2,  
  sigmoid.c1,  
  sigmoid.c2.vector,  
  sigmoid.int1,  
  sigmoid.int2  
)
```

### Arguments

freq	Variant allele frequency
expected.ht.mean	Expected heterozygous SNV/indel allele frequency
expected.dup.ht.mean1	Expected heterozygous SNV/indel allele frequency when the variant IS NOT in the same allele than the CNV duplication call
expected.dup.ht.mean2	Expected heterozygous SNV/indel allele frequency when the variant IS in the same allele than the CNV duplication call
sigmoid.c1	Sigmoid c1 parameter
sigmoid.c2.vector	Vector containing sigmoid c2 parameters for the six sigmoids functions
sigmoid.int1	Sigmoid int 1
sigmoid.int2	Sigmoid int 2

### Details

Returns a value between -1 and 1. If the allele frequency increases the evidence of discarding a CNV, then the score is positive. If the allele frequency decreases the evidence for discarding a CNV, the score is negative.

The model is based on the fuzzy logic and the score is calculated using sigmoids. See the vignette to get more details.

### Value

variant score in the [-1, 1] range

---

loadCNVcalls	<i>loadCNVcalls</i>
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---

### Description

Loads CNV calls from a csv/tsv file

### Usage

```
loadCNVcalls(
  cnvs.file,
  chr.column,
  start.column,
  end.column,
  coord.column = NULL,
  cnv.column,
  sample.column,
  gene.column = NULL,
  deletion = "deletion",
  duplication = "duplication",
  sep = "\t",
  skip = 0,
  genome = "hg19",
  exclude.non.canonical.chrs = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

<code>cnvs.file</code>	Path to csv/tsv file containing the CNV calls.
<code>chr.column</code>	Which column stores the chr location of the CNV.
<code>start.column</code>	Which column stores the start location of the CNV.
<code>end.column</code>	Which column stores the end location of the CNV.
<code>coord.column</code>	CNV location in the chr:start-end format. Example: "1:538001-540000". If NULL, <code>chr.column</code> , <code>start.column</code> and <code>end.column</code> columns will be used. (Defaults to NULL)
<code>cnv.column</code>	Which column stores the type of CNV (deletion or duplication).
<code>sample.column</code>	Which column stores the sample name.
<code>gene.column</code>	Which columns store the gene or genes affected (optional). (Defaults to NULL)
<code>deletion</code>	Text used in the <code>cnv.column</code> to represent deletion CNVs. (Defaults to "deletion")
<code>duplication</code>	Text used in the <code>cnv.column</code> to represent duplication CNVs. (Defaults to "duplication")
<code>sep</code>	Separator symbol to load the csv/tsv file. (Defaults to "\t")
<code>skip</code>	Number of rows that should be skipped when reading the csv/tsv file. (Defaults to 0)
<code>genome</code>	The name of the genome. (Defaults to "hg19")
<code>exclude.non.canonical.chrs</code>	Whether to exclude non canonical chromosomes (Defaults to TRUE)

**Details**

Loads a csv/tsv file containing CNV calls, and transform it into a GRanges with `cnv` and sample metadata columns.

**Value**

A GRanges with a range per each CNV and the metadata columns:

- `cnv`: type of CNV, "duplication" or "deletion"
- `sample`: sample name

Returns NULL if `cnvs.file` has no CNVs

**Examples**

```
# Load CNVs data
cnvs.file <- system.file("extdata", "DECoN.CNVcalls.csv", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE)
cnvs.gr <- loadCNVcalls(cnvs.file = cnvs.file, chr.column = "Chromosome", start.column = "Start", end.column =
```

---

<code>loadSNPsFromVCF</code>	<i>loadSNPsFromVCF</i>
------------------------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

Loads SNPs (SNVs/indels) from a VCF file

**Usage**

```
loadSNPsFromVCF(
  vcf.file,
  vcf.source = NULL,
  ref.support.field = NULL,
  alt.support.field = NULL,
  list.support.field = NULL,
  regions.to.filter = NULL,
  genome = "hg19",
  exclude.non.canonical.chrs = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>vcf.file</code>	VCF file path
<code>vcf.source</code>	VCF source, i.e., the variant caller used to generate the VCF file. If set, the function will not try to recognize the source. (Defaults to NULL)
<code>ref.support.field</code>	Reference allele depth field. (Defaults to NULL)
<code>alt.support.field</code>	Alternative allele depth field. (Defaults to NULL)

<code>list.support.field</code>	Allele support field in a list format: reference allele, alternative allele. (Defaults to NULL)
<code>regions.to.filter</code>	The regions to which limit the VCF import. It can be used to speed up the import process. (Defaults to NULL)
<code>genome</code>	The name of the genome (Defaults to "hg19")
<code>exclude.non.canonical.chrs</code>	Whether to exclude non canonical chromosomes (Defaults to TRUE)
<code>verbose</code>	Whether to show information messages. (Defaults to TRUE)

### Details

Given a VCF file path, the function recognizes the variant caller source to decide which fields should be used to calculate ref/alt support and allelic frequency (see return). Current supported variant callers are VarScan2, Strelka/Strelka2, freebayes, HaplotypeCaller and UnifiedGenotyper.

Optionally, the fields where the data is stored can be manually set by using the parameters `ref.support.field`, `alt.support.field` and `list.support.field`

Requirement: a TabixFile (.tbi) should exist in the same directory of the VCF file.

### Value

A list where names are sample names, and values are GRanges objects containing the variants for each sample, including the following metadata columns:

- `ref.support`: Reference allele depth field
- `alt.support`: Alternative allele depth field
- `alt.freq`: allelic frequency
- `total.depth`: total depth

### Examples

```
vcf.file <- system.file("extdata", "variants.sample1.vcf.gz", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE)
vcf <- loadSNPsFromVCF(vcf.file)
```

---

loadVCFs

*loadVCFs*

---

### Description

Loads VCFs files

**Usage**

```
loadVCFs(
  vcf.files,
  sample.names = NULL,
  cnvs.gr,
  min.total.depth = 30,
  regions.to.exclude = NULL,
  vcf.source = NULL,
  ref.support.field = NULL,
  alt.support.field = NULL,
  list.support.field = NULL,
  homozygous.range = c(90, 100),
  heterozygous.range = c(28, 72),
  exclude.indels = TRUE,
  genome = "hg19",
  exclude.non.canonical.chrs = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>vcf.files</code>	vector of VCFs paths. Both <code>.vcf</code> and <code>.vcf.gz</code> extensions are allowed.
<code>sample.names</code>	Sample names vector containing sample names for each <code>vcf.files</code> . If <code>NULL</code> , sample name will be obtained from the VCF sample column. (Defaults to <code>NULL</code> )
<code>cnvs.gr</code>	<code>GRanges</code> object containing CNV calls. Call <code>loadCNVcalls</code> to obtain it. Only those variants in regions affected by CNVs will be loaded to speed up the load.
<code>min.total.depth</code>	Minimum total depth. Variants under this value will be excluded. (Defaults to 30)
<code>regions.to.exclude</code>	A <code>GRanges</code> object defining the regions for which the variants should be excluded. Useful for defining known difficult regions like pseudogenes where the allele frequency is not trustable. (Defaults to <code>NULL</code> )
<code>vcf.source</code>	VCF source, i.e., the variant caller used to generate the VCF file. If set, the <code>loadSNPsFromVCF</code> function will not try to recognize the source. (Defaults to <code>NULL</code> )
<code>ref.support.field</code>	Reference allele depth field. (Defaults to <code>NULL</code> )
<code>alt.support.field</code>	Alternative allele depth field. (Defaults to <code>NULL</code> )
<code>list.support.field</code>	Allele support field in a list format: reference allele, alternative allele. (Defaults to <code>NULL</code> )
<code>homozygous.range</code>	Homozygous range. Variants not in the homozygous/heterozygous intervals will be excluded. (Defaults to <code>c(90, 100)</code> )
<code>heterozygous.range</code>	Heterozygous range. Variants not in the homozygous/heterozygous intervals will be excluded. (Defaults to <code>c(28, 72)</code> )

exclude.indels	Whether to exclude indels when loading the variants. TRUE is the recommended value given that indels frequency varies in a different way than SNVs. (Defaults to TRUE)
genome	The name of the genome. (Defaults to "hg19")
exclude.non.canonical.chrs	Whether to exclude non canonical chromosomes (Defaults to TRUE)
verbose	Whether to show information messages. (Defaults to TRUE)

### Details

Loads VCF files and computes alt allele frequency for each variant. It uses `loadSNPsFromVCF` function load the data and identify the correct VCF format for allele frequency computation.

If `sample.names` is not provided, the sample names included in the VCF itself will be used. Both single-sample and multi-sample VCFs are accepted, but when multi-sample VCFs are used, `sample.names` parameter must be NULL.

If `vcf` is not compressed with `bgzip`, the function compresses it and generates the `.gz` file. If `.tbi` file does not exist for a given VCF file, the function also generates it. All files are generated in a temporary folder.

### Value

A list where names are the sample names, and values are the GRanges objects for each sample.

### Note

Important: Compressed VCF must be compressed with `[bgzip ("block gzip")]` from `Samtools ht-slib`(<http://www.htslib.org/doc/bgzip.html>) and not using the standard `Gzip` utility.

### Examples

```
# Load CNVs data (required by loadVCFs to speed up the load process)
cnvs.file <- system.file("extdata", "DECoN.CNVcalls.csv", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE)
cnvs.gr <- loadCNVcalls(cnvs.file = cnvs.file, chr.column = "Chromosome", start.column = "Start", end.column = "End")

# Load VCFs data
vcf.files <- c(system.file("extdata", "variants.sample1.vcf.gz", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE),
              system.file("extdata", "variants.sample2.vcf.gz", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE))
vcfs <- loadVCFs(vcf.files, cnvs.gr = cnvs.gr)
```

---

plotAllCNVs

*plotAllCNVs*

---

### Description

Plots all CNVs on chromosome ideograms

### Usage

```
plotAllCNVs(cnvs.gr)
```

**Arguments**

`cnvs.gr` GRanges containing all CNV definitions returned by `filterCNVs` or `loadCNVcalls` functions.

**Details**

Plots all CNVs defined at `cnvs.gr` on a view of horizontal ideograms representing all chromosomes.

**Value**

invisibly returns a karyoplot object

**Examples**

```
cnvs.file <- system.file("extdata", "DECoN.CNVcalls.2.csv", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE)
cnvs.gr <- loadCNVcalls(cnvs.file = cnvs.file, chr.column = "Chromosome", start.column = "Start", end.column = "End")

# Plot all CNVs
plotAllCNVs(cnvs.gr)
```

---

plotScoringModel      *plotVariantsForCNV*

---

**Description**

Plots scoring model used for CNV duplications

**Usage**

```
plotScoringModel(
  expected.ht.mean,
  expected.dup.ht.mean1,
  expected.dup.ht.mean2,
  sigmoid.c1,
  sigmoid.c2.vector
)
```

**Arguments**

`expected.ht.mean` Expected heterozygous SNV/indel allele frequency

`expected.dup.ht.mean1` Expected heterozygous SNV/indel allele frequency when the variant IS NOT in the same allele than the CNV duplication call

`expected.dup.ht.mean2` Expected heterozygous SNV/indel allele frequency when the variant IS in the same allele than the CNV duplication call

`sigmoid.c1` Sigmoid c1 parameter

`sigmoid.c2.vector` Vector containing sigmoid c2 parameters for the six sigmoids functions

**Value**

nothing

**Examples**

```
# Load CNVs data
cnvs.file <- system.file("extdata", "DECoN.CNVcalls.csv", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE)
cnvs.gr <- loadCNVcalls(cnvs.file = cnvs.file, chr.column = "Chromosome", start.column = "Start", end.column = "End")

# Load VCFs data
vcf.files <- c(system.file("extdata", "variants.sample1.vcf.gz", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE),
               system.file("extdata", "variants.sample2.vcf.gz", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE))
vcfs <- loadVCFs(vcf.files, cnvs.gr = cnvs.gr)

# Filter CNVs
results <- filterCNVs(cnvs.gr, vcfs)

# Plot scoring model for duplication CNVs
p <- results$filterParameters
plotScoringModel(expected.ht.mean = p$expected.ht.mean, expected.dup.ht.mean1 = p$expected.dup.ht.mean1,
                 expected.dup.ht.mean2 = p$expected.dup.ht.mean2, sigmoid.c1 = p$sigmoid.c1, sigmoid.c2.vector = p$sigmoid.c2.vector)
```

---

plotVariantsForCNV      *plotVariantsForCNV*

---

**Description**

Plots a CNV with all the variants matching it

**Usage**

```
plotVariantsForCNV(
  cnvfilter.results,
  cnv.id,
  points.cex = 1,
  points.pch = 19,
  legend.x.pos = 0.08,
  legend.y.pos = 0.25,
  cnv.zoom.margin = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

cnvfilter.results	S3 object returned by filterCNVs function
cnv.id	CNV id for which to plot variants
points.cex	Points cex (size). (Defaults to 1)
points.pch	Points pch (symbol). (Defaults to 19)
legend.x.pos	Legend x position. (Defaults to 0.08)
legend.y.pos	Legend y position. (Defaults to 0.25)

`cnv.zoom.margin`

If TRUE, the zoom leaves an small margin at both sides of the CNV. False otherwise. (Defaults to TRUE)

### **Value**

invisibly returns a karyoplot object

### **Examples**

```
# Load CNVs data
cnvs.file <- system.file("extdata", "DECoN.CNVcalls.csv", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE)
cnvs.gr <- loadCNVcalls(cnvs.file = cnvs.file, chr.column = "Chromosome", start.column = "Start", end.column = "End")

# Load VCFs data
vcf.files <- c(system.file("extdata", "variants.sample1.vcf.gz", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE),
              system.file("extdata", "variants.sample2.vcf.gz", package = "CNVfilter", mustWork = TRUE))
vcfs <- loadVCFs(vcf.files, cnvs.gr = cnvs.gr)

# Filter CNVs
results <- filterCNVs(cnvs.gr, vcfs)

# Check CNVs that can be filtered
as.data.frame(results$cnvs[results$cnvs$filter == TRUE])

# Plot one of them
plotVariantsForCNV(results, "3")
```

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