

Package ‘Pbase’

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Type Package

Title Manipulating and exploring protein and proteomics data

Version 0.4.0

Depends R (>= 2.10), methods, BiocGenerics, Rcpp, Gviz

Imports

cleaver (>= 1.3.6), Biobase, Biostrings, IRanges, S4Vectors,mzID, mzR (>= 1.99.1), MSnbase (>= 1.13.5), Pviz

Suggests testthat (>= 0.8), gg-

plot2, BSgenome.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19,biomaRt, TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene, knitr, Bioc-Style

Description A set of classes and functions to investigate and understand protein sequence data in the context of a proteomics experiment.

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VignetteBuilder knitr

URL <https://github.com/ComputationalProteomicsUnit/Pbase>

BugReports <https://github.com/ComputationalProteomicsUnit/Pbase/issues>

biocViews

Infrastructure, Proteomics, MassSpectrometry, Visualization,DataImport, DataRepresentation

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p

An Proteins object and its MSMS spectra

Description

A small example Proteins test instance. This object is likely to change on a regular basis. It will be described more thoroughly when it becomes stable. The MSMS spectra that were searched against the database are available in the pms MSnExp object.

Usage

```
data(p)
data(pms)
```

See Also

The Pbase-data vignette.

Examples

```
data(p)
p
data(pms)
pms
```

Pparams-class

Class "Pparams"

Description

Pbase parametrisation infrastructure.

Objects from the Class

New Pbase parameters can be generated with the Pparams() constructor. Pparams instances control various aspects of Pbase functions, as described in the *Slots* section below. If no parameters are passed to the respective functions, default values from Pparams() are used.

Slots

DbFormat: The format of the protein sequence fasta database used to generate the Proteins object. Currently only "UniProt" is supported. "RefSeq" will be added as well as a mechanism to support arbitrary and custom fasta header.

IdFormat: The format of the identification data files used to add pfeatures to Protein instances. Currently, mzIdentML is supported.

IdReader: Package to be used to load the identification data. Currently one of mzR (via the `openIDfile` and `psms` functions) or mzID (via the `mzID` and `flatten` functions). Differences between these two architectures include the metadata available in the Proteins' `pfeatures`, speed and stability (mzR is much faster but less mature and currently susceptible to crashes).

verbose: A logical defining if the various functions display messages (default) or remain silent.

Methods

```
show signature(object = "Pparams"): ...
```

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Examples

```
Pparams()  
Pparams(IdReader = "mzID")  
  
try(Pparams(IdReader = "mzid"))
```

Proteins-class

The Proteins Class for Proteomics Data And Meta-Data

Description

The Proteins class encapsulates data and meta-data for proteomics experiments. The class stores the protein sequences as well as specific subsets of interest, typically peptides, as ranges. The Proteins instances, the sequence and peptide slots are described by their respective metadata attributes.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created using its constructor `Proteins`. The constructor either takes a `fasta` file name as first argument or, alternatively a named `uniprotIds` argument with valid UniProt accession numbers (not yet implemented).

Details

An instance of class `Proteins` is characterised by one or multiple protein sequences that can be accessed as `AAStringSet` with the `aa` accessor. Sequence-specific annotation, such as accession numbers, protein and gene names, ... is available with the `ametadata` or `acols` methods. General metadata such as the data of creation of the instance are stored as a list returned by the `metadata` accessor, which would typically contain a `created` character that documents when the object was created, a reference genome descriptor, a `UniProtRelease` with the release data of the UniProt database and possibly others.

Each sequence of a `Proteins` instance can also be characterised by a set of specific ranges describing peptides of interest. These *peptide features* can be extracted as an `AAStringSetList`, where

each protein sequence contains 0 or more peptide features. These peptides features are encode as ranges along the original proteins sequences (a list of IRanges) that can be extracted with the pranges function. These peptide features have their own metadata describing for example peptide identification scores, number of missed cleavages, ... available with the pmetadata or pcols methods.

Development notes

Since version 0.2.0, addIdentificationData supports multiple identification file names to be added to a Proteins instance (argument renamed filenames) using either mzID or mzR. Added new Pparams parametrisation infrastructure.

See news(package = "Pbase") for a description of all changes.

Other possible metadata fields: Uniprot.SW, biomaRt instances.

Slots

metadata: Object of class "list" containing global metadata, accessed with metadata.

aa: Object of class "AAStringSet" storing the protein sequences, accessed with aa.

pranges: Object of class "CompressedIRangesList" containing protein feature ranges such as theoretical (obtain by in silico cleavage) or observed peptides. Accessed as an [IRangesList](#) with pranges or and [AAStringSetList](#) with pfeatures.

.__classVersion__: Object of class "Versions" documenting the class verions. Intended for developer use and debugging.

Extends

Class "[Versioned](#)", directly.

Methods

aa signature(x = "Proteins"): Returns an [AAStringSet](#) instance representing the sequences of the proteins.

pfeatures signature(x = "Proteins"): ...

pranges signature(x = "Proteins"): ...

metadata signature(x = "Proteins"): Returns a list of global metadata of the instance x, including data of instance creation or, if created from a set of UniProt identifiers (see constructors above), the UniProt version and UniProt.WS version number.

ametadata signature(x = "Proteins"): Returns a [DataFrame](#) of protein metadata.

acols signature(x = "Proteins"): See ametadata.

pmetadata signature(x = "Proteins"): Returns a list of feature metadata.

pcols signature(x = "Proteins"): See pmetadata.

avarLabels signature(x = "Proteins"): Returns the names of the sequences metadata.

pvarLabels signature(x = "Proteins"): Returns the names of the peptide feature metadata.

seqnames signature(x = "Proteins"): Returns the protein sequence names defined as UniProt accession numbers.

length signature(x = "Proteins"): Returns the number of proteins.

[signature(x = "Proteins", i = "ANY", j = "missing"): Creates a subset of the Proteins instance.

[[signature(x = "Proteins", i = "ANY", j = "missing"): Returns an [AAString](#) instance representing the sequence of the selected protein.

pfilter signature(x = "Proteins", mass = "numeric", len = "numeric", ...): ...

proteinCoverage signature(x = "Proteins"): ...

proteotypic signature(x = "Proteins"): ...

cleave signature(x = "Proteins"): ...

addIdentificationData signature(object = "Proteins", filenames = "character", rmEmptyRanges = "logical", "Pparams"): ...

plot signature(x = "Proteins", y = "missing"): Plots all proteins and associated peptides using the Gviz/Pviz infrastructure.

show signature(object = "Proteins"): Displays object summary as text.

Functions

rmEmptyRanges signature(x = "Proteins") ...

Author(s)

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References

Definition of the UniProt fasta comment format: <http://www.uniprot.org/help/fasta-headers>

Examples

```
fastaFiles <- list.files(system.file("extdata", package = "Pbase"),
                        pattern = "fasta", full.names = TRUE)
p <- Proteins(fastaFiles)
p

plot(p[1:5], from = 1, to = 30)

pp <- cleave(p[1:100])
pp <- proteotypic(pp)
pp
pcols(pp[1:2])

plot(pp[1:2], from = 20, to = 30)

pp <- proteinCoverage(pp)
avarLabels(pp)
pp
```

```
idfile <- system.file("extdata/Thermo_Hela_PRTC_1_selected.mzid",  
                      package = "Pbase")  
p <- addIdentificationData(p, idfile)  
pranges(p)  
pfeatures(p)  
  
plot(p[1])  
## the first protein has 36 peptides  
plot(p[1], fill = c(rep("orange", 13), rep("steelblue", 13)))
```

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