

SBMLR

SBMLR (Radivoyevitch, 2004) includes an SBML-like R model object of class `SBML` and several functions which help users share, edit, test, view and analyze their models, as shown in Fig. 3. Here,

`saveSBML` exports SBML model objects to SBML level 2 model files; `readSBML` imports a limited range of SBML level 2 model files back to SBMLR; `saveSBMLR` and `readSBMLR` exchange SBML objects with SBMLR model definition files used for model editing; `simulate` uses `lsoda` of R's `odesolve` package to simulate SBML models; `summary` summarizes models, including species and reaction dataframes which contain initial concentrations, initial fluxes, and reaction rate laws (as strings); and `==` tests the equality of models with respect to these two dataframes.

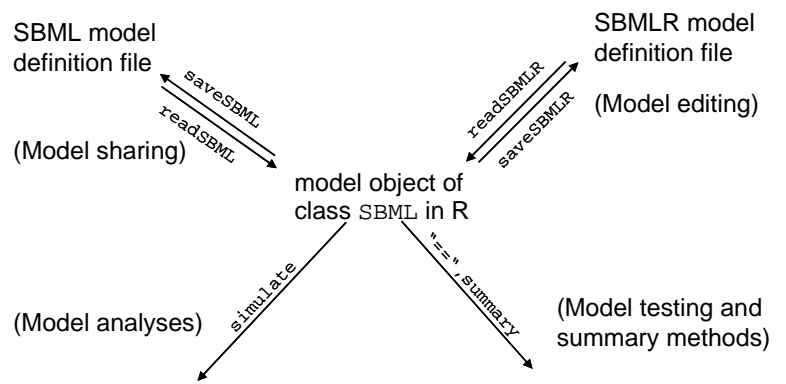


Figure 3. SBMLR objects and functions

SBMLR includes the purine metabolism model of Curto et al. (1997) shown in Figure 1. This model

represented as an SBMLR file, is partly shown in Figure 4. An R script which simulates this model's response to a 10-fold phosphoribosylpyrophosphate (PRPP) increase is shown in Figure 5; since PRPP reacts with hypoxanthine (HX) to form inosine monophosphate (IMP), the predicted dynamic responses are reasonable. A more advanced SBMLR use example involving microarray data is described in

```

model=list(
  notes=c("Purine metabolism model.")
  compartments=list(list(id="cell",size=1)),
  species=list(
    PRPP =list(id="PRPP", ic=5,compartment="cell", bc=F),
    *** other chemical species ***
  ),
  reactions=list(
    list(id="gprt", rever=FALSE,
      reactants=c("Gua", "PRPP"),
      modifiers=c("GTP"),
      products =c("GTP"),
      parameters=c(agprt =361.69,fgprt1 =1.2,fgprt8 =-1.2,fgprt15 =0.42),
      strLaw = "agprt*PRPP^fgprt1*GTP^fgprt8*Gua^fgprt15"
    ),
    *** other chemical reactions ***
  )
)
### SBMLR definition of Curto model Figure 4

```

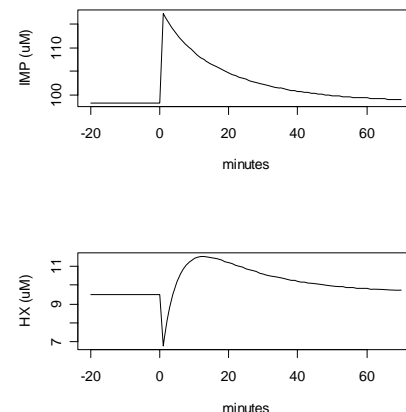
(Radivoyevitch, 2005). R scripts used in that study are provided in the `BMCcancerFolates` directory of SBMLR (they can also be obtained from <http://epbi-radivot.cwru.edu/folates/>).

```

library(SBMLR)
library(odesolve)
curto=readSBML("curto.xml")
out1=simulate(curto,seq(-20,0,1))
curto$species$PRPP$ic=50
out2=simulate(curto,0:70)
outs=data.frame(rbind(out1,out2))
attach(outs)
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
plot(time,IMP,type="l",xlab="minutes",ylab="IMP (uM)")
plot(time,HX,type="l",xlab="minutes",ylab="HX (uM)")
par(mfrow=c(1,1))
detach(outs)

```

Figure 5. R script used to create the response shown on the right.



Future Work

1. Add events and function definitions.
 2. Provide graphic renderings of reaction rate equations in R.
 3. Extend SBML to include unigene ID(s) for each reaction. If there is more than one gene involved in the production of a single functional enzyme [i.e. if the enzyme is a complex], a prescription of how gene expression values should be mapped into a modulator of V_{\max} for the corresponding reaction rate law should be included in the SBML code.
 4. It is anticipated that SBML level 3 will include graphical configuration information. When this happens, the SBMLR structure will be modified to include/carry such information.
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1. Curto, R., Voit, E. O. and Cascante, M. Analysis of abnormalities in purine metabolism leading to gout and to neurological dysfunctions in man. *Biochem.J.* **329 (Pt 3)**, 477-487 (1998a).
 2. Curto, R., Voit, E. O., Sorribas, A. and Cascante, M. Validation and steady-state analysis of a power-law model of purine metabolism in man. *Biochem.J.* **324 (Pt 3)**, 761-775 (1997).
 3. Curto, R., Voit, E. O., Sorribas, A. and Cascante, M. Mathematical models of purine metabolism in man. *Math.Biosci.* **151**, 1-49 (1998b).
 4. Hirsch, M. W. and Smale, S. *Differential equations, dynamical systems, and linear algebra* (Academic Press, New York, 1974).
 5. Radivoyevitch, T. A two-way interface between limited Systems Biology Markup Language and R. *BMC Bioinformatics* **5**, 190 (2004).
 6. Radivoyevitch, T. Folate system correlations in DNA microarray data. *BMC Cancer* **5**, 95 (2005).